THE DAILY TIMES.

VOLUME I. | THE PORTSMOUTH TIMES Established 1861. | PORTSMOUTH, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1894. | ONLY DEMOCRATIC PAPER In Scioto County. | NUMBER 27.

GOING, GOING.

The Gold Reserve Forced Down to $100,600,000.

The Decrease Is Due to Recent Shipments of Gold for Foreign Use.

Secretary Carlisle Expresses No Concern Over the Situation—He Takes Issue With Those Who Insist Upon Its Maintenance for Redemption of Notes.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The treasury gold was reduced Tuesday to $100,600,000.

This decrease in the reserve is due to the recent shipments of gold for foreign use. It is not expected there will be any great demand in the immediate future for the yellow metal, but it is certain that the $100,000,000 line will be crossed very soon. When this happens, it will be the second time under the democratic administration that the reserve, which has been regarded as a trust fund by republicans, will have been used for other purposes than that for which it was created.

Secretary Carlisle expresses no concern over the situation, saying that nothing happened to the country when he used gold out of the reserve before, and he does not expect any serious consequences to follow a repetition of this act.

Secretary Carlisle takes issue with those who insist upon its maintenance intact for the redemption of United States notes. While recognizing the necessity of keeping a good supply of gold on hand, and even arguing that the reserve should be greater than $100,000,000, owing to increased circulation caused by the issue of treasury notes on silver bullion, Secretary Carlisle insists that there is no vestige remaining of the original reserve procured by the sale of bonds. The secretary told your correspondent Tuesday that he had no expectation that congress would come to the relief of the treasury with the authorization desired for a new bond issue at a rate lower than that now fixed by law. In fact, he did not expect any bond legislation and had, therefore, prepared himself to continue in the even course of his way by meeting all demands from whatever funds he might have on hand.

Mr. Carlisle contends that originally the secretary of the treasury sold $96,000,000 worth of bonds under the law of 1875 and put the money obtained from this sale in the treasury. Money derived from bonds, the secretary declares, is like money derived from any other source of revenue, it goes into the assets of the treasury. All these points Secretary Carlisle explained to the judiciary committee in January last, and he has not changed his views in the slightest degree.

He holds that the $96,000,000 derived from the sale of bonds by Secretary Sherman was long ago used for the redemption of legal tenders, and in addition to this $59,000,000 has been paid out for the same purpose. Therefore, none of the original reserve created for the redemption of United States notes remains, and the gold which has been gathered since from various sources, including the sale of bonds, can be used for current expenses.

THIS JUSTICE NOT BLIND.

A Pretty Girl Refused to Put Her Leg in Evidence and Lost Her Case.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The wheels of justice are being clogged by modesty in a legal proceeding in the village of Clarenceville, L. I. Miss Ella Collingsworth is a sprightly young woman who lives in that village. Last Friday she was passing the store of Henry Watson, on Atlantic avenue, when a savage dog sprang upon her. She started to run, but the dog fastened its teeth upon one of her legs, inflicting, so she affirms, a painful wound. Then Miss Collingsworth applied to Justice Lott for an order to have the dog shot.

The owner of the animal entered a plea that there was no evidence to show a wound had been inflicted. He demanded that the court see the bite, and the court decided that the order could not be granted until there was substantial proof that the dog was dangerous. The young woman's face became suffused with blushes, and she indignantly refused to offer her injured leg in evidence. The dog still lives, and Miss Collingsworth says she is about to begin a civil suit against Watson.

Ball Games Tuesday.

*Cincinnati	0	*Louisville	
Cleveland	1	Pittsburgh	
*Baltimore	15	*Washington	6
Boston	3	New York	3
*St. Louis	9	*Brooklyn	5
Chicago	3	Philadelphia	22

*City where game was played.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per ct.
Baltimore	4	0	4	1.000
Philadelphia	4	1	5	.800
Cincinnati	3	1	4	.750
Boston	3	1	4	.750
St. Louis	3	1	4	.750
Cleveland	3	1	4	.750
Louisville	2	2	4	.500
Washington	2	3	5	.400
Pittsburgh	1	3	4	.250
Brooklyn	0	4	4	.000
Chicago	0	4	4	.000
New York	0	4	4	.000

Coke Men Go Out.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., April 24.—The men at a dozen or more coke plants laid down their tools Tuesday morning, causing a complete shut down, while at two-thirds of the remaining works part of the men came out, and the others will join them in a day or two.

Anarchist Francis.

PARIS, April 25.—The anarchist Francis has been acquitted of the charge of connection with the explosion of the bomb in the Cafe Very in Paris, but was condemned to three months' imprisonment for insulting the police.

Railways Feeling the Strike.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 25.—The miners' strike is already making itself felt on the railroads entering here, and the different lines are taking steps to guard against a failure of the supply.

SHOOTING IN COURT.

The Plaintiff Tries to Kill His Brother-in-Law After His Losing a Suit For $75,000.

NEW YORK, April 25.—In the circuit court Tuesday the plaintiff in a suit fired four shots at defendant, but all missed their mark. The suit out of which the shooting grew was for $75,000, and had just been decided against the plaintiff, Michael Donnelly, of Albany, so he did his best to kill his brother-in-law, P. J. McArdle, of this city.

The first shot was fired deliberately at McArdle's body, but missed its mark. The other shots were fired as Donnelly was being upset by Wales Severance, his lawyer, and they struck the ceiling. Both Donnelly and Lawyer Severance fell to the floor. So did McArdle, though he had not been struck by any of the bullets.

Judge Bischoff, who was sitting on the bench, became alarmed and left the court room as quickly as possible. Several policemen had been attracted to the scene by this time, and they gathered together all the persons in the room concerned in the shooting and hurried them to the station house, where Donnelly was placed in a cell.

While in the station house another exciting scene occurred. Donnelly turned upon McArdle and called him a murderer and a thief, and finally made a dash for him with the intention of doing him injury, but the police restrained him. Donnelly soon after was taken to the Tombs police court, where he was held for examination Wednesday.

COXEY HOME RESERVE.

A Movement That Will Strengthen Gov Waite With Kindred Spirits.

DENVER, Col., April 25.—The Coxey army home reserve has been organized by the influence of Gov. Waite's closest supporters, and Tuesday over one thousand names were added to the rolls. The plan is to organize ten companies of fifty men, each with proper officers, for the purpose of aiding, comforting and assisting the Coxey army. A series of resolutions have been prepared declaring that the home reserve is in sympathy with the living petition of Coxey, and condemning the acts and utterances of any governor or judge or any other persons who may do or say anything to interfere with the peaceable moving of any large body of men now on their way, or who may hereafter start to the national capital for the same or kindred purposes. It was asserted that heretofore all petitions to congress presented by the industrial classes have been consigned to flames or the waste basket, while there never was a time when demands made by the plutocracy were denied.

FIREMEN INJURED.

Seven Hurt at Memphis by the Collapse of a Building.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 25.—Seven firemen were severely injured by falling timbers in a burning building at 185 Main street, in this city, Tuesday night. The injured are: John M. Dolan, left arm broken; Mike Cleary, bruised and internally injured; John Moore, leg crushed; Richard Borrows, burned and bruised about body and limbs; James Monahan, arm crushed; Thomas Meredith, burned and injured about the head; Wm. Whalen, body and leg crushed. Whalen was buried in the ruins, but is still alive.

The fire broke out at 7 o'clock in the food and grain store of W. J. Chase and spread all over the building in a few seconds. The firemen had scarcely reached the second floor when the building collapsed, burying them in the ruins.

The loss on the building and stock will aggregate $26,000.

Whalen was rescued at 11 o'clock. His injuries are serious.

DYNAMITE.

A Boy Handles a Box of the Stuff With Deadly Effect.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 25.—An explosion of dynamite occurred at the corner of Southern avenue and Natchez street Friday evening, causing the death of Hugo Ralph, a seventeen-year-old boy, the fatal injury of Andrew McCline, and the serious injury of Michael Gallagher. George Kent, who is building a sewer on Wyoming street, sent Ralph to bring a box of dynamite.

Ralph disobeyed instructions and carried the explosives into Gallagher's blacksmith shop. Whether the boy dropped the box is not known. The shop was completely demolished. The adjoining residence of Peter Barrett was also badly wrecked, while sashes for a square surrounding were cleared of glass.

Waterspout in Texas.

BURKVILLE, Tex., April 25.—A waterspout and cyclone played havoc about twelve miles west of here. Every house at Gilchrist was blown down, except one. Flying timbers struck a rifle in Ralph Gilchrist's house, causing it to discharge. The bullet struck Miss Rose Gilchrist, inflicting a fatal wound. Among the houses destroyed were those of A. C. Hancock, John Joyce, R. McIrvine and J. E. O'Donnell. Several bridges were washed away.

A Bullet-Proof Head.

MUNCIE, Ind., April 25.—John Cassady stopped James Douglas, Tuesday morning, and accused him of stealing a keg of beer, telling him that if he did not confess he would blow out his brains. Cassady grabbed Douglass by the collar, pulled a revolver from his pocket and fired four times at Douglass' head. Four of the 38-caliber bullets struck him on the side of his head, but glanced off. Cassidy, realizing that he could not hit his mark with the revolver, knocked him down with his fist and left. They are now in jail.

A Precautionary Measure.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Several hundred stand of small arms and repeating rifles were delivered at the treasury department Tuesday morning from the war department. The small arms were turned over to Capt. Putnam, of the treasury watch, and the repeating rifles were placed at convenient points about the treasurer's end of the building.

NICARAGUA.

The People Seem Bent on Making Trouble.

Capt. Watson Cables the Necessity For a Light Draft Vessel.

The Nicaraguan Government Undoubtedly Will Be Held to Strict Account for the Seizure of United States Property at Greytown—Vessels To Be Sent.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The state department has had no word at all from Nicaragua since Capt. Watson's brief cable to the navy department last Thursday, and the dispatch announcing the seizure of the company's property at Greytown, gave rise to some anxiety. One of the principal officials says the Nicaraguan government will undoubtedly be held to strict account for any illegal interference with American interests, and such a seizure as reported will certainly result in a peremptory demand for reparation.

It was rumored in the navy department Tuesday morning that orders had been issued to have the gunboats Castine and Machias, at New York, be made ready to go into commission at once. This notion is said to have been taken Monday on account of a recommendation in Capt. Watson's dispatch. It is officially stated at the navy department that the Castine and Machias have not been ordered to Bluefields, and that it has not been decided to put them into commission.

The great desirability of having a light draft vessel on the east coast of Central America has been recognized, however, and it is possible that either the Dolphin or Vesuvius may be sent to Bluefields, if circumstances require. No active steps in the matter will be taken before the receipt of Capt. Wilson's written report, which is expected Wednesday.

It is now asserted on excellent authority that Secretary Herbert has learned that Capt. Wilson considers it absolutely essential to have a light draft war ship at Bluefields with the least possible delay. The San Francisco is lying off the entrance of the open harbor in the gulf, and in case of storms would be compelled to put to sea. She is nearly ten miles from the town, and can take part in matters ashore only by landing part of her force.

State Electric Plant.

COLUMBUS, O., April 25.—The joint committee appointed to ascertain whether it would be advantageous for the state to establish an electric plant in the penitentiary to light the state house and other state buildings in Columbus, reported Tuesday that it would be a proper thing to do. It is estimated by the experts employed by the commitee that a complete plant, sufficient to light the state house would cost $20,000 and the cost of operating it, using the labor of the convicts, would be $3,050 a year. The state is paying now for the 1,926 lamps used in the state house $16,000 a year and it is calculated that, making all allowances and using 675 more lamps, the cash saving would pay for the plant in two years. An appropriation of $25,000 is recommended.

Keifer Not a Candidate.

SPRINGFIELD, O., April 25.—Ex-Speaker J. Warren Keifer, of the national house of representatives, stated Tuesday evening that he will not be a candidate for the congressional nomination in this (the Seventh) district against Congressman George Wilson, of Madison county. He says further that Mr. Wilson should be renominated by acclamation.

An Execution Postponed.

COLUMBUS, O., April 25.—Edward Jones, the Clermont county murderer, will not hang on Thursday night. Tuesday morning his attorneys, Messrs. Young and Cabell, filed in the supreme court a motion for leave to file a petition in error and leave was granted. A hearing will be had on May 5, and a stay of execution has been ordered.

A Peculiar Accident.

CINCINNATI, April 25.—One of the boarders at Elsenheimer's hotel, on Twelfth street, cleaned his clothes and let gasoline run in the waste pipe Tuesday morning. It ignited in the closet at the mouth of the pipe. Emil Postel, a boarder, who was in the closet at the time, was so badly burned that he may not recover.

Notice to Democratic Senators.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Senator Gorman, as chairman of the democratic caucus, Tuesday sent letters to the democratic senators requesting them to be present at the session of the senate Wednesday and each day thereafter, as the tariff bill will be pushed along until completed.

Female Suffrage in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., April 25.—Ohio women will hereafter vote for school officers. The house, Tuesday morning, passed the Clark senate bill, conferring upon them the elective franchise, the vote being 55 to 26. The dear creatures must register the same as men, and consequently tell their age.

Cincinnati Saloonkeeper Suicides.

CINCINNATI, April 25.—J. W. Whitney, aged 45, who kept a saloon on Western avenue and Carll street, shot himself through the heart Tuesday morning at his home, 85 Carll street. Whitney's business had fallen off considerably lately, and, accordingly, he became despondent.

Dead Babe Found.

LIMA, O., April 25.—Tuesday morning, while a number of children were on their way to school they discovered the body of a young babe in a ravine partially covered with mud. The coroner is investigating.

The Huntington Glass works at Central City, W. Va., have resumed operations, giving employment to 150 employes.

Fire at Blissfield, Mich., destroyed $25,000 worth of property.

CIVIL SERVICE TEST.

A Case Against Secretary Carlisle For a Discharge.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The case against Secretary Carlisle, brought by Eugene E. Gaddis, in a petition for writ of mandamus, was called up for hearing Tuesday in the circuit court of the district before Judge Bradley. Mr. Gaddis was formerly in the employ of the treasury department, where he was promoted by successive steps from a $1,000 position to that of membership on the central board of examiners of the civil service commission, and claims that he was discharged last August for political causes. He entered the employ of the treasury, on examination, under the rules of the civil service, and according to the affidavits which he offers in connection with his petition, maintained an enviable record for efficiency. An investigation of the causes which led to his dismissal was made by the civil service commission, and a protest was made against the action of Secretary Carlisle.

The case will be a test of the civil service law, and it is understood that it has been brought at the instigation of the commission.

DEATH BY VIOLENCE.

Prominent Indianapolis Citizen Found Dead With a Bullet Hole in His Head.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 25.—Albert T. Beck, a well known lawyer and former partner of Congressman Bynum, was found dead in his home Tuesday morning with a bullet hole in his head. He had either killed himself or had been murdered.

Persons in the house heard a shot at 3 o'clock, but thought then it was a shutter banging. A window was forced open Tuesday morning when Beck failed to answer a call and he was found lying dead on the floor. His friends think he committed suicide, but a strange revolver was found in the room.

He is a man with a history in these parts. He was involved in the tally-sheet election cases years ago, but was entirely cleared. He has been attorney for the city and is well known in state politics. He and Bynum had quarreled some time ago, and were no longer partners.

Frederick's Mayor Aroused.

FREDERICK, Md., April 25.—Sheriff Zimmerman and 30 deputies left here Tuesday morning to meet the commonweal army at a point where it crosses the Frederick county line. Mayor Fleming is determined that the army's stop in Frederick shall be very short. The sheriff and his posse will accompany the army through the county and assist in its exit therefrom. The general opinion, however, is that the appointment of the deputies is a mistake. Trouble may result, it is said, and since the commonweal has been behaving so well, the expense of the posse seems unnecessary.

Found Dead on a Train.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 25.—On a Big Four train from Cincinnati Tuesday morning a man was found dead. He was supposed to be Thomas Flannerly, of Cincinnati or St. Louis. A raffle ticket issued by W. Kraiman, 12th and Howard streets, was found on his person, together with some money and a railroad ticket from St. Louis to Cincinnati. The letters T. F. were tattooed on his arm.

Indiana Republican Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 25.—The republican state convention meets at Tomlinson hall at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning to nominate a state ticket. John W. Gowdy, chairman of the state central committee, will call the delegates to order, and the permanent organization will at once be announced. There are forty-one candidates for state offices.

McGarrahan Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—William McGarrahan, one of the most conspicuous figures about the capital for the last 30 years, died at Providence hospital Tuesday morning. He came here before the war to prosecute a law claim against the government, and has been fighting for it ever since. The matter was before the present congress.

The Kentucky Situation.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 25.—The only coal mining districts that State Inspector Norwood has had information concerning in which there have been strikes is in the southern district, and the report is that all the miners are out in Laurel, Knox and Whitley counties.

Stole a Train.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 25.—The Coxeyites at Butte broke into the Northern Pacific round house, seized an engine and train, manning them from their own number, and started east at forty miles an hour.

More Brickmakers Strike.

CHICAGO, April 25.—Two hundred more striking brickmakers started Tuesday from Blue Island to Schermerville. Twenty-four deputy sheriffs armed with winchesters at the latter place await them.

OHIO LEGISLATURE.

Ohio Women May Step Up to the Polls and Vote for School Officers.

COLUMBUS, O., April 24.—SENATE.—The Senate Tuesday passed Representative Stewart's bill authorizing the commissioners of Hamilton county to widen and improve Beckman street between Harrison avenue and Queen City avenue. Mr. McConica's senate bill taxing railroads for the support for the railroad commissioner's department was also passed. Mr. Whittlesey introduced a bill providing for a grade of cheese to be known as fine milk cheese to be made from milk from which none of the cream has been taken.

HOUSE.—Tuesday the senate bill conferring upon women the right of franchise passed by a vote of 55 to 26. As it stands, the bill provides that all women of the age of twenty-one, born or naturalized in the United States, who shall have been residents of the state for one year and of the county, town, township or other election precincts such time as the law provides for men shall be entitled to vote for the school officers named. Separate ballot boxes shall be provided for the ballots of women and separate registration lists shall be kept. The ladies will have to register the same as men. The house began work on the general appropriation bill for next year and only got as far along as the appropriation for the salary of members of the legislature when here came a sudden stop and the discussion of the biennial sessions commenced.

ON THE MARCH.

Thousands of Coxeyites Now Tramping to Washington.

The Authorities at the National Capital Much Concerned.

The Question There Is What Can the People Do With Them—Coxey Says He Will Not Heed the District Commissioners' Proclamation Nor Fears Arrest.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—That the authorities of the national capital are concerning themselves very earnestly about the coming of the Coxey people from all parts of the country is no longer concealed. The proclamation of the commissioners of the district warning the unemployed away from here is only the first step in the movement to protect this city from trouble. Washington's tramps, heretofore, have always been of the respectable kind—most of them ex-office-holders, or would-be office-holders, now out of pocket money, but with a shabby genteel coat and not overly dirty cuffs and collars. There are practically no factories in the district where mechanics can find employment, and no great mercantile houses to engage the services of porters, draymen laborers, etc. What, then, can the people here do with the Coxeyites? True, there is an abundance of vacant land all around the city where an army can camp, but the question is, who will feed the 10,000? The commissioners can not arrest the whole of them and send them to the workhouse—that would be as expensive as giving them rations in camp. The problem seems insoluble. It is the very general belief that the commonwealers will get here and will have a hearing, and the Washingtonians will have to make the best of it.

Reports from the various commands now moving upon the capitol show the following headed this way:

At Wilmington, O., Col. Galvin's division, 200 strong.

At Dedham, Mass., Head Center Fitzgerald's company, 150 strong.

At Grand Rapids, Mich., Riley Dennison's company, 200 strong.

At Ft. Wayne, Ind., Capt. Carty's company, 200 strong.

At Evans, Col., Capt. Grayson's company, 200 strong.

At Seattle, Wash., A Division, 900 strong.

At Avoca, Ia., Gen. Kelly's command, 1,350 strong.

At Boonesboro, Md., Gen. Coxey's chief division, 500 strong.

At Indianapolis, Ind., Gen. Aubrey's company, 100 strong.

Besides these there are companies forming all over the land, to be concentrated at central points, and move to Washington early in May.

NEW YORK, April 25.—When Gen. Coxey was shown the proclamation of the District of Columbia commissioners he remarked, quoting Holy Writ: "The wicked flee when no man pursueth." He seemed pleased to believe that his army had struck terror into congress and the president.

"Will you heed the proclamation?" he was asked.

"Emphatically no."

"If the police arrest yourself and army, what then?"

"Let them dare," snapped the general, his eyes flashing.

"Will you desist from encouraging other industrial armies from storming the capitol?"

"On the contrary, I shall redouble my effort to bring every man, woman and child to Washington."

"Will not the fear of possible bloodshed deter you?"

"I do not court a resort to arms, but we will demand our rights, even if it takes physical strength to prevail. I shall not commit myself to that, but will repeat my declaration to bring congress to terms by seizing Washington until justice is done."

"What if the unemployed starve in the streets of Washington?"

"The stench from their ashes will force congressional relief."

"Is that intended in all seriousness?"

"Certainly, matters will be carried to that extreme, if necessary."

Frank Hatton Stricken With Paralysis.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Frank Hatton, of the Washington Post, at 1 o'clock Tuesday had a stroke of paralysis, and was unconscious in his office. The physicians called in pronounced the attack a severe one, extending throughout the right side. As soon as possible Mr. Hatton was removed to his residence. He partly recovered consciousness just before he was carried out. Mr. Hatton was president of the Gridiron club, which immediately issued notices of postponing its dinner announced for Saturday next.

Society Upheaval at Parkersburg.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 25.—A great sensation was caused here Tuesday afternoon on the announcement of the sudden death of Miss Sallie Amiss, formerly a prominent society leader, daughter of Henry Amiss, one of the leading citizens. Tuesday night Dr. F. C. Dennison, an Ohio physician recently located here, was arrested, charged with her murder. The case promises to involve prominent society people.

More Miners Quit.

PARSONS, W. Va., April 25.—The miners at Douglass, Coketon and Thomas, in this, Tucker county, 700 in all, joined the great army of strikers Tuesday morning. Six men started to work at Thomas, but they were notified by the strikers to quit.

Some Coloradians Strike.

DENVER, Col., April 25.—Fifteen hundred coal miners went out on a strike in this state Monday night. The Canon City district is the center of this movement.

Florence Gets the Millions.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—The supreme court of California Tuesday decided all ten appeals in the famous Blythe case in favor of Florence Blythe Hinckley, the successful claimant.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country By Telegraph.

A great fire swept away many buildings in the principal street of San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua.

Maj. J. L. Rathbone, ex-consul general to Paris, has received a check for $100,000 for his copper mine in Mexico.

Mrs. Louis Schnell, of New York, was nearly blinded by an unknown woman who threw cayenne pepper in her eyes.

John Crossler, aged 77, blew his brains out with a shotgun in a little room in a stable in the rear of 145 East Third avenue, Columbus, O.

Lieut. Lothar, at the head of a detachment of the Congo state troops, has captured Kadambare, between Lake Tanganiika and Manyeme.

A law has been promulgated compelling the owners of all Russian vessels to place them at the disposal of the government in time of war, if demanded.

Marie M. Hillyer, late of the Rosina Baker Co., was married in Grand Rapids, Mich., to Robert W. Withycomb, of Montreal, official reporter of the Canadian parliament.

Gertrude Morse, daughter of Prof. Morse, of Hanover college, has entered suit for $10,000 damages for breach of marriage contract against Paul B. Scard, of Burlington, Ia., a student at the college.

The mystery of the McKendrick murder, which occurred at Grand Rapids, Mich., January 17, is solved by the confession of Henry Prame, who was arrested near Libertyville, Ill., where he was working on a farm.

A dynamite bomb was placed on the sill of a window of the Pennsylvania railroad station at Watts Station, Pa., Monday night, and exploded. The building was considerably wrecked. The object of the dynamiters is not known.

Archie McIntyre, a prominent farmer of Degrot township, N. D., was found dead within a few rods of the house of W. D. Spencer, with a bullet through his heart. McIntyre said to his hired man that he would go and have a talk with Spencer.

A strike on the Chicago South Side Surface railway is threatened, because of the discharge of twenty-two employes of the elevated company belonging to the same interest, following their application for a charter in the American Railway Union.

The senate committee on inter-state commerce, Tuesday morning ordered a favorable report to be made on the nomination of Henry M. Youmans, of Michigan, to be a member of the inter-state commerce commission. This action was taken by a unanimous vote.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, April 25.

FLOUR—Spring patent, $3.40@3.65; fancy at $2.70@3.15, and family at $2.40@2.65. Winter patent quotable at $2.75@3.15; fancy at $2.50@2.70; family at $2.00@2.15; extra, $2.60@2.10; low grades, $1.00@1.85.

WHEAT—No. 2 red is quotable at 57@57½c per bu. on track.

CORN—Sales No. 2 mixed, track, at 42c; No. 3 mixed, track, at 41½c; No. 2 white, mixed, track, at 43½c.

OATS—Sales No. 2 white, track, at 33c; No. 3 mixed, track, at 35c; No. 2 mixed, track, at 35½c.

CATTLE—Select butcher, $4.85@4.10; none of the best offering; fair to medium, $3.00@3.75; common to ordinary, $2.00@2.85. Heifers: Good to choice, $3.40@3.75; fair to medium, $2.75@3.35. Cows: Good to choice, $3.15@3.50; fair to medium, $2.50@3.10; common and thin rough stuff, $1.75@2.00; fat dairy cows, $2.50@3.40; extra, $3.50@3.60.

VEAL CALVES—Sales at $2.50@3.75; fair to good, $4.00@5.00; extra, $5.25.

HOGS—Select butchers', $5.25@5.30; packing, $5.10@5.25; common and rough, $4.50@5.10; fair to good light, $5.00@5.20; prime assorted, $5.25; common and fair, 4.00@5.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep: Unshorn top wethers, $4.15@4.25; good to choice mixed, $3.50@4.00; common to fair, $2.00@3.25; clipped, $1.50@4.00. Fall lambs: Extra, $4.35@4.50; good to choice, $4.00@4.25; common to fair, $3.25@3.75, clipped, $3.00@4.25. Spring lambs, $5.50@6.00; extra, $6.25@6.50.

WOOL—Unwashed: Fine merino, per lb. 10@11c; quarter blood clothing, 13c; medium delaine and clothing, 13@14c; braid, 13c; medium combing, 14c. Washed: Fine merino, X to XX, per lb, 15@16c; medium clothing, 17@18c; delaine fleece, 17@18c; long combing, 17@18c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 25.

CATTLE—No fresh arrivals, few common cows holding over and selling low.

HOGS—Prime heavy, $5.60; Yorkers and pigs slow and in light demand. Yorkers quotable at $5.40; pigs, $5.25, some unsold.

SHEEP—No fresh arrivals; market steady to slow, but few sales.

CHICAGO, April 25.

CASH QUOTATIONS—Flour—Firm; No. 2 spring wheat, 58½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 52@53c; No. 2 red, 58½c; No. 2 corn, 38½@38¾c; No. 2 oats, 32¾@33c; No. 2 white, 35½c; No. 3 white, 34@34½c; No. 2 rye, 48½c; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, 56c; No. 4, 52½@55c.

TOLEDO, O., April 25.

WHEAT—No. 2 cash and April, 58c; May, 58¾c; July, 60½c; August, 61½c.

CORN—No. 2 cash, 40c; May, 39c; No. 2 white, 36c.

OATS—No. 2 mixed, 34½c; No. 2 white, 36c.

RYE—Cash, 50c.

CLOVERSEED—Easier: prime cash, $5.65; April, $5.60.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 23.

CATTLE—Extra shipping, $3.75@4.00; light shipping, $3.00@3.50; best butchers, $3.25@3.60; fair to good butchers, $2.50@3.00.

HOGS—Choice packing and butchers, $5.00@5.05; fair to good packing, $4.95@5.00; good to extra light, $4.90@5.00; roughs, $4.25@4.60.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good to extra shipping sheep, $3.00@3.25; fair to good, $2.75@3.00; extra lambs, $3.00@4.25; fair to good, $3.75@4.00.

BALTIMORE, April 25.

WHEAT—No 2 red spring April, 61¾@61⅞c; May, 61⅞@61¾c; July, 62½@62¾c.

CORN—Spot April, 44½c; May, 44½c; July, 45c bid.

OATS—No. 2 white was 41½c; No. 2 mixed do, 28½c.

NEW YORK, April 25.

RYE—Western, 48@57c.

BARLEY—No. 2 Milwaukee, 66@67c; western, 63@67c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red store and elevator, 61½@62c; afloat, 62¾@63c; f. o. b., 62½@63½c; ungraded red, 58@63c; No. 1 Northern, 70¼@70½c.

CORN—No. 2, 43@44c elevator; 44½@45c afloat.

OATS—Spot prices: No. 2 39½c; No. 2 white, 38½c; No. 2 Chicago, 40½c; No. 3, 38½c; No. 3 white, 40c; mixed western, 39½@40½c; white do and white state, 40@45c.

PITTSBURGH, April 25.

CATTLE—Prime, $4.10@4.40; good, $3.70@4.00; good butchers, $3.10@3.90; rough fat, $2.80@3.10; good fat cows and heifers, $2.80@3.00.

HOGS—Best Philadelphias, $5.45@5.55; best Yorkers, $5.35@5.40; common to fair Yorkers, $5.20@5.25; pigs, $5.10@5.20; good heavy sows, $4.50@4.90.

SHEEP—Extra, $3.80@4.00; good, $3.10@3.35; fair, $2.40@2.85; common, 50c@$1.50; yearlings, $4.50@4.80; lambs, $2.50@4.80.

A TOUGH CUSTOMER.

The Brown Bear of Alaska Is a Courageous Fighter.

An Instance of the Fearlessness of the Animal—A Few Words of Advice from a Hunter Who Is Familiar with Its Habits.

A sportsman writing to the San Francisco Chronicle advises others who may complain that the California grizzly is growing scarce and losing his nerve that there is a foeman worthy his lead in the brown bear of Alaska. He thus describes the brute and his habitat: The northern side of the Kenai peninsula, bordering the shores of Cook's inlet, Kodiak island and the Alaskan peninsula as far west as Unimak island, are the habitat of the Alaskan brown bear (ursus Richardsonii), a huge, shaggy animal, varying in length from six to twelve feet, and weighing from eight hundred to fifteen hundred pounds. This animal possesses all the courage and fierceness of his southern cousin, the grizzly, and has been hunted so little as yet that he is absolutely fearless of man and is an exceedingly dangerous adversary. The island of Kodiak, being more settled than the other localities mentioned, is less favorable as a hunting ground for the sportsman than the wilder regions adjacent. This is especially true of the eastern and wooded end of the island. On the west the country is more open, and on that account seems to be preferred by the bear. There is still good sport to be had in certain localities hereabout, and native guides can always be obtained at the villages situated on the shores of the bays or on the banks of the salmon streams in this vicinity.

Being an expert fisher the bear frequents during the salmon season all the rivers emptying into the Behring sea and the North Pacific and their tributaries as far as the fish go. After the salmon run is over the animal retreats into the recesses of the hills where berries and small game are plentiful.

The brown bear is the great road maker of this part of Alaska. Not only are the banks of the streams trodden into good trails by the huge lumbering brutes, but the swampy plains are crossed in every direction by paths leading to the hills. The traveler will do well to follow them in his journeying across the country, as they invariably lead to the best fording places of streams and form the easiest routes to the hills.

The northern limit of the brown bear's habitat is, as yet, undetermined, but I have seen them in the interior as far as latitude 67 degrees, and they probably range still further.

The mainland of Alaska adjacent to the island of Unga is full of brown bears, and, although somewhat smaller than those found on the west side of Cook's inlet, they are sufficiently fierce and aggressive. Some officers from one of the vessels of the Behring sea fleet went ashore at Herendeen bay during the summer of 1891 on a deer hunt, and one of the party saw a bear about one hundred yards distant eating berries. Without a thought of the consequences he raised his gun and fired at the animal. The shot went wide of the mark, but at the report of the gun the bear started for the hunter on the dead run. His charge was met by a shower of bullets from the officer's repeater, but, although badly wounded, the infuriated brute did not hesitate an instant, but rushed straight at his enemy. When within about ten feet of the hunter the bear rose on his haunches and prepared to close. Blood was pouring in streams down his body. One bullet had shattered his upper jaw, but he was still so full of fight that the outcome of the struggle would have been extremely doubtful had not another of the party arrived and ended the fight by shooting the brute through the brain. An examination of the bear's body showed that it had been struck six times. Three of the shots were in parts of the body ordinarily considered vital, and would doubtless have ultimately caused death; but the vitality of these animals is almost incredible, instances having been cited of their running over a hundred yards after being shot through the heart.

One of the best places in Alaska to find the brown bear is in the vicinity of Portage bay, ten or twelve miles across Unga strait from Sand point. At the latter place a hotel has recently been erected where visiting sportsmen can be assured of comfortable quarters. The ptarmigan shooting is excellent on these islands, and deer is plentiful, if that kind of sport is more desirable. The bear hunter, however, will not have any cause for complaint on account of scarcity of his particular variety of game. Last summer, while I was at Sand point, two hunters came in after an absence of little over a month in the vicinity of Portage bay and reported having killed thirty-three bears. On one day alone they killed seven. In order to show that they were not spinning hunters' yarns they had brought the skins with them and sold them at the trading post at Sand point. In dealing with the Alaskan bear a hunter should never go alone. A companion is almost as essential as a gun.

Easily Pleased.

In the recent efforts of a charitable woman to carry consolation and comfort in the houses of the distressed in New York, a crooked old woman was found who resisted all importunities that she had anything for which to be thankful. One mercy and another were suggested to her as reasons why she should at least express herself as having something for which to be grateful. All these she promptly declined. Finally, as the visitor was about to give up the search, the old woman said: "Yes, there is wan thing that I forgot. I've got wan thing for to be thankful. I've got two toofs in me head and they bites opposite."

THE TIMES.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The Only Democratic Paper in Scioto County.

THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY.

No. 90 West Second Street.

☞ Readers of the TIMES will greatly oblige this office by giving prompt notice of irregular or late delivery; also persons who cannot buy the TIMES in this city or suburbs or in any place where a Portsmouth paper should be sold, will confer a favor by notifying this office at once.

Published Every Day in the Year, Except Sunday

DAILY TIMES.

By carrier, one year	$5.00
By carrier, six months	2.50
By carrier, three months	1.25
By carrier, one week	.10
By carrier, daily	.02
Weekly	$1.50
Weekly, if paid in advance	1.00

IF numbers are an indication, the miners strike will be a success.

THE Ohio legislature will adjourn May 14. What a sigh of relief will go up.

THE probabilities are that the various commonweal armies will clash when they arrive at Washington. Who will be the big man.

ALL the industries of Portsmouth and Scioto county have prepared for the strike by laying in a good supply of coal. They have taken time by the forelock.

THE American Railway Union seems destined to absorb all the other more conservative railway organizations. It believes in radical measures, the strike and boycott being its modes of warfare.

FARMERS of Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota say they cannot get men enough to do their work. Yet the Kelly army and the Frye army pass through these sections with no thought of work, and no hope but that the populace will feed them.—Toledo Blade.

THE people will endorse the course of the city in giving as much work as possible to the laboring men. Endeavor to let them earn a living if they desire to. There were more obstacles in the way of last year's council than there is in the way of the present council, yet it put the sewer through and gave work to a large number of men. We believe in economy, yet now is the time for the city to do work that must be done.

COXEY's march on Washington to demand the issue of $500,000,000 of treasury notes to be used in constructing roads in the United States, is but a different form of paternalism inaugurated by the Republican party. When McKinley was drafting his tariff bill the men interested in various industries had the schedules fixed to suit their purposes. They determined the rates of tariff that would enable them to control the markets of this country. They have inaugurated the system of paternalism that is spreading to all class.

EVIDENCES of a desire for international bimetalism are appearing on all sides, and the crime that was committed by English capitalists through John Sherman will we undoned after a quarter of a century of shrinkage in all values.

Think of the hundreds of men who have gone to the wall because their farm, their home, or other forms of wealth have gone down continually until today the price is but little more than half what it was in 1873.

Thousands and thousands of homes and farms have been gathered in by the ever increasing value of the almighty dollar.

No darker page was ever written in American history than the one now sought to be blotted out by the introducton of international bimetalism. This country took the first step in this demonitization. John Sherman inaugurated the conspiracy and it was consummated by the Republican party against the protests of the Democracy. What are they trying to do now? What are they advocating? Nothing but the undoing of what has brought disaster on the whole world. The Republican party can only retrace its steps in the ruin and wreckage of millions of homes all over the world.

THE Republican party see in the signs of the times the only hope is, to defeat the passage of the Wilson tariff bill. Should it psss, there would be such a business revival as would change the temper of the whole country. They realize this and have determined to use every possible means to prevent the passage of the bill. The most unfortunate phase of the matter is the fact that there seems to be Judas Iscariots in the Democratic camp. No man who compromises the chances of the Democracy from selfish motives or motives of revenge, will ever again be honored by the votes of the party he has betrayed. There is but one course for good Democrats to pursue, and that is to pass the tariff bill as quickly as possible. Allow fair and free discussion, and when it becomes apparent that the Republicans are striving only for delay and consequent business depression, force the fight by counting a quorum if necessary. The people of this country will endorse such a course. The majority should rule. It is the fundemental principle of our government. Senatorial courtesy, while the whole country is halting on account of uncertainity, is an incumbus on legislation of which the present congress should rid the country for all time. The senate has proven itself to be indifferent to the wishes of the people or the rights of the majority, and the time is now ripe for such a change as will make it possible for the majority to speedily pass necessary legislation.

WHEN there is a lynching in the South, especially if the victim is a negro, the rigidly righteous Republican newspapers point to it as merely the moral result of Southern lawlessness, or as a survival of the passions of war, or a manifestation of hatred toward the negro. They refrain from dwelling upon the enormity of the provocation, and, in fact, not infrequently express doubts whether any provocation had really been given.

When outrages are perpetrated by negroes in Northern states experience shows that there is the same disposition to resort to summary methods of inflicting punishment. In all such cases the Northern press, while it may condemn the lynching, is not disposed to call attention so particularly to the section of country in which it occurs. It is simply the outbreak of human passion under strong provocation. It is not an Ohio crime, or an Illinois crime, and is not supposed to prove anything in particular with reference to the barbarous or semi-barbarous condition of the community in which it occurs.

Expressions as to the barbarous condition of Southern society come mostly from Republican newspapers, which hate the South because it votes the Democratic ticket. It may be worth while, therefore, to note that Logan county, Ohio, is no more Southern in its politics than in its geography. At the last November election it gave Neal (Dem) 1,971 votes to 3,955 for McKinley. In other words, two-thirds of the population are Republicans.

A LOCAL paper tells of a couple living near New London, Conn., who were recently married without the sanction of a religious ceremony. A clergyman some time afterward met them and stopped to talk with them. "Why don't you get married according to law?" he asked. "Now," said he, turning to the woman, "you are willing to take this man for your husband?" "Yes," she replied. "And you are willing to take this woman for your wife?" turning to the man, who unsuspiciously said: "Yes." "Then," said he, "by the authority vested in me by the state of Connecticut, I pronounce you man and wife."

WE are now informed that the "Blarney stone" exhibited at the world's fair, and which was kissed by twenty-five thousand people at ten cents each, was a limestone paving block dug up in one of the Chicago streets, carried in the darkness of night to the Irish village, and there placed in a box or case which had been received that day from Ireland with other contents. The trick was carried so far that duty was paid upon the stone for a value of five hundred dollars. This deception is supposed to account for the fact that the kissers were not at once seized with great volubility, and have not even yet become famous as spouters.

THE word "manor" is of frequent occurrence throughout rural Pennsylvania, and it frequently marks some one of the sixty odd manors conferred upon the heirs of William Penn by an act of 1779. These manors, ranging from two hundred to many thousand acres, were scattered thickly over the eastern part of the state, and their names have since become the names of many townships. The manors aggregated more than fifty thousand acres, and included some of the finest lands in Pennsylvania.

ANNOYED by visitors who persisted in telling their family histories a Cincinnati electrician so rigged up a skull on the top of his desk that by pressing a button he could cause the eye sockets to glow with an incandescent light and the fleshless jaws to chatter. The hint worked very well until a hysterical woman was so frightened that she kicked over the battery, spilled the acid, and ruined a two hundred dollar French rug.

A MAN going along the street with his dog held him by the collar to keep him from accepting a challenge from a neighbor's dog. While holding him, the neighbor's dog sprang at him and bit his owner's hand. The case went to the supreme court of Massachusetts, where it was held that if in preventing a dog fight one gets bitten, the owner of the biting dog is liable. The verdict was three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

THE city of Denver, Col., within a few days has been the scene of a great disturbance, in which troops were called out, caused by the refusal of the governor to comply with an injunction from the court restraining him from removing certain municipal officers. The matter has happily been submitted to the supreme court for arbitration.

MUSICAL culture among working people has been tried successfully by Charlotte Mulligan, of Philadelphia. Beginning with a Sunday school class of bootblacks she has had twelve thousand workmen under tutelage in the last twenty years.

A RECENT invention, if practical, will bring relief to all public speakers. It is porous glass for window panes, insuring pleasant and healthy ventilation without a draught. What a boon to suffering lecturers!

MEXICAN engineers are now at work, it is said, surveying the Colorado river from Yuma to the gulf with a view to its improvement and navigation.

ACCORDING to recent reports several ancient graves containing the bones of men of large stature have been discovered in Highland county, Ohio.

Don't buy a phaeton until you see those little beauties at Stahler Bros.

CAN THE SEVERED HEAD THINK?

It Would Seem Not from These Experiments.

Does the head of a decapitated person have any of the sensations of life after being severed from the body? You may or may not have thought of this before; at any rate it is without doubt the most interesting question in the whole range of physiology, says the St. Louis Republic. From the very nature of such cases we will probably never know whether there is the least ray of memory, reflection or real sensibility surviving in the brain of man after the head falls from the block, but it is only natural that we should investigate the matter as fully as the circumstances will permit.

Some may remember a curious article printed in the latter part of 1889 entitled "A Dead Eye That Winked." In it were given the details of a remarkable experiment made by Surgeon Velpeau, the Paris prison physician, on one Dr. de la Pommerais, who suffered death by the guillotine. Just before his execution he arranged with Velpeau that if the latter would pick up his severed head, he (Pommerais) would, if it should be possible for him to do so, wink three times at the surgeon as a sign that, although he could not speak, the faculties of thought, feeling and sight were still in active operation. The account gives a picture of the scene when Surgeon Velpeau grasped the bleeding head and shouted in the ear: "Pommerais, can you thrice close your right eye while the left remains open?" The stolid surgeon, familiar as he was with blood-curdling sights, was almost frozen with horror when he saw the right lid slowly fall, while the left eye looked fixedly at him. "Again!" he cried, but the lid only quivered, all sensibility having left the head forever.

The above and similar stories have excited the minds of investigators and much attention has been given the matter during the last five years. Dr. Loye, another Paris savant, has been at the head of the French experimenters. They have decapitated hundreds of poor dumb brutes, mostly dogs, and the net result of their investigations seems to be that consciousness disappears immediately after decapitation. In the language of the learned scientists, "both portions of the animal or man so decapitated are instantly put in a state of rapid asphyxia." This seems altogether likely, but the question now arises: "Is consciousness in such cases only suspended and would it be revived if it were possible to replace the head so that it would occupy the same physiological position which it did before being separated from the body?"

THE PEST OF FLIES.

Man's Life Rendered Miserable by the Troublesome Insects.

The bee is but one of several plagues that have to be set off per contra in the ledger of Terai joys. The fly is another—that common nuisance which infests the Terai country as an entomological anomaly—i. e., a house fly where houses there are none.

Wherever in those regions the camp of man is pitched, there do these dipterous insects—these minimized harpies—swarm.

At night they are only moderately active, but when the day has warmed a little they fill the air with their discordant buzzing, and every teacup, milk jug or other possible receptacle with their bodies. The only way of eating a breakfast in their company, says Blackwood's Magazine, is to take that meal in an inclosure of mosquito netting, and even then hundreds of them contrive to effect an entrance, and, being inside, dispute each mouthful between the plate or cup and lip.

Then there are sand flies, whose dimensions are such as preclude seclusion by any material that will admit the air, and whose stings are as aggravating as those of mosquitoes. And, finally, there is an insect that, as an amateur entomologist, I call the eye-fly—an insect that attacks one during the heat of the day, and particularly when one is open-eyed for tiger, with the set purpose of getting into one's eye.

That villainous insect does not sting; it is satisfied with committing suicide, when the consequence is inflammation to the eye that crushes out its useless life, and it persists, in spite of frequent repulse, in finding a grave there. It is a nuisance when it dodges about within a foot of one's face, aiming now at one eye, now at the other. It is painfully so when it perishes triumphant.

He Didn't Like Coons.

A northern visitor in Florida recently asked a native negro as to the character of the sub-tropical raccoon, and this was the reply: "Coons is a mighty cur'ous leetle animal, but Ah doan' lak coons, an' Ah tell yo' why. Onct Ah ketcht a leetle coon an' Ah tuk 'im home, Ah did. Ah lef' 'im in de house whal Ah went aout in de ya'd, an' w'en Ah come back dat leetle coon had foun' de m'lasses jug. Ah watcht 'im, an' dere he sat a-puttin' his leetle han' daown in de jug, an' a-drawin' it up, an' a-swipin' it acrost his mouf. Den he'd lick off his whiskers, an' he'd put his leetle han' down in de jug, an' he'd draw it up agin, an' he'd swipe it acrost his mouf agin. He kep' dat up twel he had all de m'lasses he wanted. Den he jes' jump upon de baad an' he walk right acrost de pillows, he did. No, Ah doan' lak coons, Ah doan'."

A Mohave Superstition.

The Mohave Indians of the far west have one curious superstition that is supposed to be of comparatively recent origin. They refuse to eat the flesh of the beaver, and declare that whoso eats beaver's flesh will have a swollen neck. An agent who has lived for some time among the Mohaves conjectures that some of the Indians must have eaten the flesh of beavers poisoned for their skins, and died with swollen necks. The memory has been handed down through the tribe, and no Mohave eats beaver's flesh since that day.

THEY WANT AN ORGAN.

Have You an Extra Instrument About the House?—The Free Kindergarten Can Find Use for One.

The ladies in charge of the Union Sunday School held at the Kindergarten rooms, are in need of an organ or melodian. The instrument would be used only a very short time each Sunday during the Sunday school services and there are some families in the city who have an instrument not in use which they would gladly loan for that purpose.

YOUTHFUL DIVERS.

The Agility of St. Thomas Boys in Capturing Coins Under Water.

We were nearing St. Thomas, says a writer in St. Nicholas; all the passengers were on deck looking with interest at the pretty little city, with the hills at its back, and a fringe of palm trees at its feet. When within a short distance of the shore the captain signaled, down plunged the anchor, and before the water had ceased from troubling we were surrounded by a fleet. First came the fine long-boat of the health officer, with its gaudily striped awning, flag flying at the stern, and half a dozen dusky oarsmen, who rowed with great style and precision. Then there were the passenger boats, the sterns neatly cushioned, to which fact the owner called your attention while inviting your patronage. One of these men rejoiced in the possession of a tall hat, which raised him far above his fellows, while he was further distinguished by the name "Champagne Charlie." But hark! hark! the dogs do bark!—the rag-tag and bobtail are putting out to sea! Boys, boys, boys and boys—all eager and ready for a dive!

Some one started the exhibition by throwing a dime overboard. Instantly there were a dozen pair of heels in the air—one splash and a train of shining bubbles rising to the surface showed us that the little divers were on their way down in search of fortune. The water was so clear we could see the coin slowly sinking, and see the little brown body dart after and seize it. On coming to the surface, the one who made the capture would display the coin in his hand, and then shrewdly pop it into his mouth. The cheeks of the lucky boys were round and hard as apples. It was so pretty to see the ease and grace with which they moved through the water; and they entreated for more so pleasantly (with eyes glistening and teeth shining) that the rain of silver and copper continued to fall over the rail until the ship's stock of small change was depleted.

Wouldn't Have the Pig.

Although the court of Austria is commonly known as the most aristocratic in Europe, no monarch is easier to reach than Emperor Francis Joseph. He has certain audience days when any of his subjects, high as well as low, are permitted to call to discuss with him any affairs which they choose. At the last reception of this kind an old peasant, who wished to secure the intervention of his majesty in a lawsuit, appeared at the Hofburg with a little pig one month old in her arms. As she entered the palace, the master of ceremonies told her she must leave the pig behind. She insisted upon carrying it, however, saying that it was a present for her "good emperor." It was with great difficulty that the squealing animal was taken from her arms. The woman had her interview, but was obliged, much to her sorrow, to carry the pig back to her home. She could not understand why his majesty would not accept presents of that kind from his subjects.

SOME BIG BLUNDERS

Often occur from small beginings. Don't begin to blunder by buying your Spring and Summer Underwear from a last year's stock, but go where the goods are fresh, and those

THAT ARE UP TO DATE.

NO MOSS GROWN RELICS STAY WITH US.

OUR UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT this year is replete with bargains. Our stock is most complete. All grades and prices for all styles of purses.

OUR HOSIERY DEPARTMENT, as usual, takes a front rank. Our line of hosiery his never been equalled in this city. We carry a most complete assortment of all the leading makes, in fancy and staple hosiery. Our fast blacks have a wonderful reputation and sale.

OUR CORSET DEPARTMENT needs no introduction. We sell more corsets than any firm in the city. Our stock comprises such famous makes as Dr. Warner's, Ball's Corsets, R. & G. Corsets—all of which stand among the first for style and durability.

CONNOLLEY'S DRY GOODS STORE.

PAINT AND GLASS

HEADQUARTERS.

Quantity, quality and price considered, we take the lead in Paints, and Painting. Being practical painters ourselves, enables us to sell you just what you need, also give gratis, instructions just how to use it. Floor Paints, Iron Enamel for fire fronts and in fact anything you need in the paint line, can be found at No. 213 Chillicothe street.

J. W. Dodge & Co.

Telephone 188.

E. E. EWING

75 WEST SECOND ST

Is selling goods at very low prices, among which are

Dinner Sets,
Chamber Sets,
Silver Plated Knives,
Forks, Spoons, Etc.

ALL OF BEST QUALITY.

He invites you to call, and the inspection of his goods and prices cannot fail to impress you with the fact that nowhere else can you be better served.

Extravagance

May lie in paying too much for a thing, or in paying too little.

If you buy Groceries for less than we ask, you'll not get as good quality —that's poor economy.

Butter and Eggs a Specialty.

Quality of Both Guaranteed.

ROBERT DODGE,

GROCER.

76 WEST SECOND STREET.

Spring Is Here!

House Cleaning time has come.

Old Carpets and Curtains will be replaced by new ones.

We would remind the ladies of Portsmouth and surrounding country that our stock of Carpets, in

Body and Tapestry Brussels,
Three Plys,
Extra Supers,
All Woools,
Cotton Chains,
All Cottons,
Jute, Hemp, Etc.

Is the largest that has ever been on sale in Portsmouth, and prices were never so low.

We are also showing a large stock of

China Mattings, 12½ to 40c

PER YARD.

Several new things arrived in our Dress Goods Department this week.

Novelties received almost daily in our Millinery Department. MRS. F. E. HELT and three assistants are kept busy in this department.

MARTING BROS. & CO.

515 Chillicothe St.

Got to Go!

We can't "monkey" with prices; they must be down to the point where the goods will sell.

Quick Meal
Gas and Gasoline Stoves.

The best in the market, selling at hard-pan prices.

Refrigerators.

Best made, at small or no margin.

Ice Cream Freezers.

Do everything but furnish the cream, lower than ever before.

Water Coolers.
Ice Boxes.

Necessities in summer, at prices to make them common.

Lawn Mowers.

Save their cost in one summer.

Step Ladders.

All sizes at way-down prices.

A full line of Cook Stoves and Iron Mantles.

We are sole agents for the celebrated Miller Range.

SLATE AND TIN ROOFING.

Consult, before you buy,

C. S. CADOT,

118-120 W. Second St.

THE

Stanton & Balmert Co.

Distillers and Wholesale Dealers in

BOURBON AND RYE

WHISKIES

AND IMPORTED WINES

161 and 163 W. Front St.

PORTSMOUTH, OHIO.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Portsmouth Steam Dye House,

71 and 73 West Third St.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed or colored in any shade.

☞ Dry Cleaning a specialty.

H. HUELS.

WE OFFER for sale, at $1,100, the one-story, frame, slate roofed, four-room cottage situated on the north side of Eleventh St., north of foundry.

The property is in No. 1 condition, and contains stable, cistern, cellar, etc.

This property is being offered at less than actual cost, and is one of the very best situations in the East End, and in addition on one of the coming streets of the city. This property is owned by Eliza A. Donnolley.

THOMPSON & KRICKER,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agts

12 East Sixth Street.

A RESOLUTION

To Improve Market Street From the North Side of Front Street to Fourth Street.

RESOLVED by the Council of the City of Portsmouth, Ohio, that it is necessary, (two-thirds of the council voting therefor) to improve Market street from the north side of Front to the south side of Fourth street, by grading, setting suitable curbing of Berea, Junior Furnance, or other durable stone, and paving the roadbed with Hayden or Hallwood block, fire or other hard burned or vitrified brick, in accordance with plans and specifications and profiles on file in the office of the city civil engineer; that the cost and expense of said improvement, less the cost and expense of improving intersections, and one-fiftieth of the entire cost and expense, which shall be collected by general taxation; shall be levied and assessed per foot front upon lots and lands abutting thereon, as council shall specify by ordinance for such improvement; said assessment shall be payable in ten annual installments, if deferred, and the same collected as provided by law, and the assessing ordinance hereafter to be passed; and bonds shall be issued in anticipation of the collection of said assessments, unless the property owners pay their assessments before the same be issued, and within the time prescribed by ordinance.

Passed April 4, 1894.

W. A. CONNOLLEY.
President of Council.

R. M. KRICKER, City Clerk. a6-4w

Notice.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
PORTSMOUTH, OHIO, April 14, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the room in the Massie block, lately occupied by the city civil engineer office, is for lease, and the city council will, at its regular meeting, May 2, 1894, consider bids for the lease of the same, and will lease it to the highest and best bidder for a period of from one to five years, reserving the right to reject all bids.

FRANK H. THOMPSON,
City Clerk

(sat 2t)

RECEIVED.

The Y. M. C. A. Boys Keep Open House for Friends.

New Members and Non-Members Spend a Most Enjoyable Evening—A Very Entertaining Program and Enjoyable Informalities.

The young men of the Y. M. C. A. received at the association rooms last evening, their guests being the new members and young men not connected with the association. The rooms were neatly decorated with flowers in honor of the occasion, which proved to be a delightful and enjoyable one to all concerned.

Every member attending was requested to bring a friend, and in all about 150 people attended. The main object was to extend acquaintances, and general introductions were the order of the evening. About 8 o'clock a brief program was commenced, Vice President William F. Whitney presiding. J. D. Fuller opened with a very fine organ selection. Albert Hales recited "Shamus O'Brien," which was received with applause that rendered an encore necessary. Paul Tappan rendered in fine style an exquisite flute solo, Barcarole. Dr. P. J. Kline president of the association, delivered a brief address of welcome, which was followed by a quartette selection "Memories of Galilee" by Palmer, Messrs. S. O. Titus, B. F. Richardson, Pearl Selby and Charles Richardson composing the quartette. Morris Bridwell read a humorous selection, and the program closed with a hymn by the entire company, "We have heard the Joyful Sound, Jesus Saves." The crowd then adjourned to the gymnasium, where the gymnasium class gave a very interesting exhibition, consisting of running, fancy circles, military drill, calisthenics, buck vaulting, exercise with turns on the vaulting buck, etc. The exhibition was one of the most interesting and pleasant features of the evening's exercises.

This closed the formal program, and the company returned to the parlors, where light refreshments were served. Mrs. Dr. Kline and a dozen or more assistants had charge of this feature, which was, it is needless to say, a decided success and highly gratifying.

The general reception committee was on hand and the rest of the evening passed in pleasant sociability, the company dispersing about 10 o'clock.

JUST HAVING A TIME.

A Cincinnati Woman, Becoming Anxious About Her Hubby, Comes Up and Takes Him in Charge.

Marshal Fred Schmidt received a visitor yesterday afternoon, in the person of an irate Cincinnati woman, who was searching for a missing husband. She stated that her other half, Henry J. Foley, had come to Portsmouth about a week ago and had secured a position at the Excelsior Shoe factory. He was to return to the bosom of his family Sunday but failed to put in an appearance.

She telegraphed Monday to Mrs. Hard's boarding house, at 129 Gallia street, where he was staying, but he had not been seen there since last Friday. His employers also reported that he had been missing from his work for several days. The wife, becoming anxious, came up yesterday, and last evening located him in the vortex of a glorious bum. She straightened matters up with his employers and the couple went to Cincinnati this morning to arrange to remove to this city permanently.

Steamboating Twenty-Five Years Ago.

Capt. Ira B. Huntington showed us an Ohio steamboat weekly statement of the Ohio No. 4 of twenty-five years ago, in which it was shown that her receipts

From passengers	$1245.59
From freight	1046.90
Total	$2292.49

EXPENDITURES.

For fuel	343.60
Wages	798.10
Stores	680.20
Incid'tl expenses	192.48
Wharfage and agencies	150.25
Total	$2173.63
Profit	118.86

Capt. Huntington says one of the White Collar line boats would make over $1,000 out of such a trip these days, the decrease in expenses being mainly coal and wages. Capt. J. J. Blagg was in command of the Ohio No. 4 at that time.—Gallipolis Journal.

From Far-off Missouri.

The editor of the TIMES recently received a letter from Mr. L. H. Rice, the clever young western journalist who was until recently connected with the WEEKLY TIMES as the editor, congratulating the TIMES Publishing Co., on the new daily, and expressing his best wishes for the success of the venture. Mr. Rice is now connected with the Columbia Missouri Publishing Co., a concern similar to the A. N. Kellogg Co., of Cincinnati, in the capacity of head proof reader. He has the best wishes of the TIMES and Portsmouth friends for future success.

The First Arrest.

John Minnard while under the influence of fire water last evening engaged in a lively war of words with some of the Salvation Army attaches Officer John Ingles overheard the difficulty and took John in charge. This morning he pleaded guilty and was fined $1 and costs. This is the first arrest by any of the new policemen.

Ladies Admitted Free to Ball Game.

The management of the Pastime Base Ball club cordially invites all ladies interested in the national game to witness the game Saturday afternoon at the ball park, when the Pastimes and the Irontons will cross bats. The ladies will be admitted free of charge. The best of order will be kept and good seats provided.

Danced in Buhlman's Hall.

The Home Circle orchestra gave a very pleasant dance last evening at Buhlman's hall, corner Market and Third streets. The dance was well attended, and those present spent a very enjoyable evening. The Home orchestra is one of the foremost musical organizations in the city and furnishes music of a superior character.

A SPRING POET.

Discourses on the Beauties of the Springtime.

Yesterday's mail brought the following gem from a youthful poet in one of the back townships, with a request that we publish the same. We take the greatest of pleasure in complying with our young friend's request and only regret that his verse run out so soon. As a spring poet, the young man is quite a success, and no doubt has a bright future before him:

SPRINGTIME.

Springtime has come once more,
The merriest of the year;
The time of snow and sleet has passed,
And sunny days are near.

Farmers have gone out, with the plow,
The soil to turn once more,
While he sends his children to school,
And gives them lots of lore.

The birds have all begun to sing
Their sweetest songs of praise;
While the farmer goes out with his team,
His crops of grain to raise.

The city and the country
Are beautiful to see.
The sunshine and the songs of birds.
They fill our hearts with glee.

The trees have all begun to bud.
The flowers begin to glow;
In the valley and on the hillside
The grass begins to grow.

Spring is the season of the year
That brings comfort to all;
It cheers the poor, makes glad the sick,
And large, as well as small.

E. E. HAMER.

IN PAWN

Ironton Excursionists Taken Care of by Huntington Police.

A crowd of Ironton excursionists, somewhat similar to the sporty crowd who came to this city to have a prize light not long ago, went to Huntington Sunday night, and the whole gang got so noisy that they were taken care of by the police, and watches, rings, bracelets, etc., were pawned to pay fines. The poet of the Huntington Advertiser has the following cruel lines on the subject:

"After the ball is over,
After the boys have come,
The girls—they put up nothing,
But many a watch is in pawn.

"After the ball is over—
It was after the break of dawn—
Many a heart was aching
Over the watch in pawn."

Call at the municipal pawnshop,
Where jewelry can be bought for a song;
Ashland and Ironton are in it,
As far as the watches in pawn.

Enterprise, Ky.

J. M. McBrayer has removed with his family to Morehead, where he will enter into the law practice with George Whitt, a prominent attorney.

Dr. W. D. Williams and his fair bride have returned from their honeymoon trip and are now at home to their friends.

J. Finley Underwood, Democratic candidate for county clerk, was here Saturday looking after his political fences. He made hosts of friends in this section.

Jefferson B. Williams and family, of Smoky Valley, have removed to the Captain Bent property near here. They are good citizens and we are glad to welcome them.

Enterprise Castle, No. 21, Knights of the Golden Eagle, is making great preparations for a grand Fourth of July celebration. The boys are greatly encouraged with prospects.

O. L. Shay has been appointed deputy county clerk for this district. A good selection.

The late freeze has seriously injured the tobacco prospect, thousands of plants being killed.

D. M. Foster says he has a notion to run for assessor on the Democratic ticket. If he does there will be three candidates in the field.

David Tipton has announced his candidacy for constable in the papers. Dave will undoubtedly prove a runner.

W. L. Hudgins has purchased another house and lot in town. Rumor says he is going to housekeeping.

David Tipton and F. M. Griffin are candidates for school trustee in this district. Both are in favor of good schools and will do their duty if elected.

E. W. O'Roark is reported very sick at his home in Yorkville, W. Va.

Bear Creek.

Sunday school opened at this place last Sunday, but on account of the cold rain was but moderately attended.

Never before for the last ten years did the peach trees in this vicinity look in a more depreciated condition than now.

There is quite a number of new martin houses being erected on poles this spring, but on account of the cold backward spring the martins were late in coming, and sparrows got possession. The shot gun was brought into requisition to evict the sparrows.

Burglars broke into F. Lauman's store recently and took a quantity of flour, beans, tobacco and other things to the value of about $15.

Mrs. Walters died of consumption on Thursday, 12th inst. She had been sick for a long time, and her death was not unexpected. She was a kind-hearted Christian woman, and leaves a vacancy in the U. B. church. The remnant of the family which are left to mourn their loss have the sympathy of the whole community in their sad bereavement.

F. Laumas is fencing all the flat land near the old derrick, and intends to plant several acres of beans.

The township assessor was around last week taking an account of the number of dogs kept on Bear Creek.

Mrs. Varner's Funeral.

The funeral of Mrs. William Varner will ta ke place from her late residence on East Fourth street to-morrow, services being held at the house at 10 o'clock a. m.

Thanks.

The TIMES is under obligation to Hon. H. S. Bundy for receipt of abridgment of message and public documents for 1892 and 1893.

Tacked His Hand.

Geo. Kellar an employe of the Padan Bros. Co., shoe factory, injured his hand severely, by driving a tack through it.

INDIANS ON THE TRAIL.

Wonderful Work Done by Utes, Apaches and Other Redskin Tribes.

While Indians are better trailers than whites, it does not follow that all Indians are equally expert. The best tribes in this respect are the Delawares, Comanches and Apaches. The best trailer I ever saw, says a writer in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, was an Apache who was in the employ of the government during the Crook campaign in the southwest. During that campaign a report came in that a band of Indian raiders had made its way down the valley, almost under the very noses of the troops, and had robbed several ranches, killing the settlers. In order to successfully move against the Indians in that country it was necessary to march at night, on account of the warning sent ahead by the signal fires. A troop of cavalry and a company of infantry were sent out after the raiders as soon as night came. All that day the Indian scouts had been scattered over the valley searching for trails, and when the command was ready to start the scouts were ready to follow a trail that was believed to be the one that led to the "rancheria" or village of the Indians. The trail was carefully followed over the stony ground and through the underbrush, the scouts actually feeling their way with their hands. They seemed to experience no difficulty in tracing the trail with their fingers in the dark, but suddenly there was a halt. Word was sent back that another trail crossed the original, and it was a fresher track. A light was procured, and it was discovered that the cross trail was that of a bear, which had passed along after the Indians. The original trail was taken up again and followed steadily through the night, and the rancheria found and captured early in the morning.

The most remarkable bit of individual trailing that ever came to my knowledge was the finding of a lost child in the Gunnison valley. The little girl, four years old, wandered away from a cabin on Tumiche creek, and was not missed for several hours. Hundreds of men in the valley turned out and searched all that day without finding a single sign of the girl. At last it was proposed to send for some Ute trailers at a camp about twenty miles away. The Indians did not get on the ground until twenty-four hours after the child was missing, and then the whole country had been so searched over that all hope of a trail was seemingly gone. Three Indians went to work, stimulated by the promise of a big reward, and before dark they found the child, unhurt, but almost dead from fright and exposure. They did their work in a most systematic manner, and covered the ground so thoroughly that they soon found the direction taken, and then began an ideal bit of trailing. Foot by foot they went over the ground, noting a broken twig here, a turned stone there, or a small impression in the damp earth. Sometimes they would go for a mile without finding a single thing to indicate that they were on the right trail, and then they would find a perfect impression of a little bare foot in a mud spot. The child was found eight miles from its home, and hid so close when the Indians approached her that they were almost at fault when they were at the end of the trail, and were compelled to double back several times before they espied her crouched down under a fallen tree.

The Indian is taught from earliest childhood to examine and note every mark upon the ground. He is given instructions regarding the placing of his feet while on the march, and under all circumstances, whether in peace or war, he hides his trail. It becomes a second nature to him, and the watching of the trail that he crosses is as instinctive as hiding his own. The Indian on a raid pays little attention to his front. He knows that his weakness is in his trail, and he always carefully guards the rear of the march. His knowledge of his own ability to find the trail of an enemy makes him afraid of the discovery of that left by himself.

JAPANESE SUPERSTITION.

Saving the Drops of Water That Washed the Priest.

The death, funeral and cremation of the chiefest priest of the largest and most powerful Buddhist sect in Japan was recently recorded. The funeral were attended by many tens of thousands of people from all over Japan. The person of this priest is so very sacred, and anything that has come in contact with it so very precious in its merit and powerful in its efficacy to save, that every drop of the water that was used in washing the body after death was eagerly sought for and gratefully received by the priests and laymen alike.

Little bamboo joints were used as vials in which to receive and carry away the precious fluid. This water will be used as drops of saving elixir when the body of some believer is washed for its burial—as a few drops of the attar of roses might be used in a bath—and the one receiving this washing will be insured a safe and happy entrance into the Buddhist Paradise.

Australians Emigrating.

Australia is greatly perturbed over the emigration movement in Paraguay. The government of Paraguay has given nearly five hundred thousand acres of good land for settlement to Australian colonists, or others of suitable standing in means and character who join them, and there is an expectation that ten thousand persons may settle on the lands. All who go from old to new Australia are teetotalers and have a considerable amount saved, and the loss of a few thousand men of that stamp is a serious matter. South Australia has, therefore, passed a village settlement act, under which those who want to cultivate land are very favorably dealt with. Then comes the question whether the Australian land is as good as that in Paraguay, and it is not. But there are disadvantages there as well.

Shell Mounds of Delaware.

Interesting relics of dead and gone Indian tribes are the great mounds of oyster shells formed along the seashore in southern Delaware. According to local tradition the Nanticokes of Pennsylvania were in the habit of wintering along the seashore in lower Delaware and of eating enormous quantities of oysters. The shells testify to the appetites of the Nanticokes, and many Indian implements are found in the mounds.

You can find a complete line of whips and dusters at Stahler Bros.

SPEEDIER THAN IN AMERICA.

Telegraphic Business in England Compared with That in This Country.

William H. Preece, the celebrated English electrician, visited Chicago and other American cities last year, and recently published a paper in which the telegraphic systems of the two countries are compared. Mr. Preece says:

"It is quite impossible to inspect the telegraph system of the United States and compare it with our own system without drawing comparisons about the way in which the work is done in the two countries. The result of my visit was to confirm my views that we do our work better in England than they do in the states. Our apparatus is better, our speed is higher. Messages are handled with greater reliability. A message can be sent and its reply received with certainty in an hour in England. I fancy such rapidity would astonish the users of the telegraph in the states, except those in such busy centers as New York and Chicago, and generally the speculative branches of the community. The domestic telegram scarcely seems to have reached the United States, and this is owing probably to the fact that the districts of private residences, the small towns and the villages do not possess telegraph offices unless they are supplied by the railway company at the railway station or by the Western Union company, who do the work for the railway company.

"I fail to see any superiority in the manipulative skill of American operators. They certainly have not made the same advance in technical education that we have, and altogether it may be said that the management of the telegraphs in the hands of private enterprise does not compare favorably with the management of the telegraphs by the state at home. At the same time it must not be assumed, because the government has advantageously taken the telegraphs in hand at home, that such a process would be possible in the states. In my opinion it would be absolutely impossible. The civil service of the United States is in a very chaotic condition. The principal appointments are four-year appointments only and are filled politically. The reason why our post offices and our telegraph offices at home work so well is because the public exercises such a useful and such a determined supervision over the work. The free opening of the press to complaints; the readiness with which members of the house of commons ask questions—though at times, perhaps, irritating and vexatious—are undoubtedly good for the service, for they keep us all alive. Such a state of affairs is impossible in the states. The government of the United States must first reform its civil service and when it gets officials into the service whose tenure of office is secure and whose zeal is as unquestioned as it is in England, then there will be some chance of their government acquiring the telegraphs; but under existing circumstances the acquisition of the telegraphs by the government of the United States would amount virtually to the deterioration of the service."

ANCESTOR OF HOOFED ANIMALS.

Its Bones Were Found in Wyoming and It Flourished 500,000 Years Ago.

In the rooms of Prof. E. D. Cope, of Philadelphia, the person fortunate enough to gain admission may see the creature which all naturalists, says the St. Louis Republic, are unanimous in pronouncing the first representative of the hoofed animal species. The animal is not alive, neither is it entire so far as flesh and blood are concerned, but to the paleontologist, who cares only for the fossiled bones, the specimen is perfect. It is not larger than a yearling calf and not nearly so tall, and was found in the Wind river country in Wyoming. Prof. Cope named it Phenacodus primevus when it was first discovered, giving it as his opinion that it was akin to a specimen which was found several years ago in France (the paleotherium), and which gave Cuvier and the other naturalists so much trouble to classify. At the time of the discovery of the French specimen the savants of Europe decided that it was the ancestor of "hoofed critters," but the Wind river fossil, which is easily distinguished as being the type of the same, is believed to be much more ancient. Cope's curiosity was found in rocks belonging to the eocene period, and the time when it grazed on the western prairies has been placed as far back as five hundred thousand years! Every bone is perfect and the specimen could not be purchased for ten thousand dollars.

Abandoned Western Farms.

William Henry Bishop, writing of the abandoned farms of Connecticut in the Century, says: Nor was the inquiry largely from city men, like myself, who wished to take the places for summer homes, a demand in which some have seen the salvation of these farms, as others have seen it in more grazing, in sheep, tame deer, apples and wheat. The city men who inquire are only a very small party. The farms are being taken up by farmers for farming purposes. Many inquiries come from the west. One man that I know of, not having ready money to offer, proposed to pay for a place in bushels of wheat, at the market price, delivered at a western railway station. It is not so easy to prosper in the west as it once was, and many who have gone there turn back in desire to their New England birthplace. Prof. Brewer, of Yale, a most hopeful writer on the subject of eastern agriculture, asserts that there are more abandoned farms in Kansas than in New England, and that they are abandoned with better reason. There was a "dull streak," as some put it, in farming property three years ago, and the issue of the catalogues coincided with the darkest moment of the depression; but the inevitable reaction set in, and it is the general testimony that ever since then things have been very much on the mend.

Where to Be Happy Though Married.

Mrs. De Style—There were ninety debutantes in our set last season, and only nineteen young men. Isn't it horrid?

Prof. Graybeard—Possibly the other young men have emigrated to Mexico.

"Mercy! What can be the attraction down there?"

"The girls are very pretty, their fashions seldom change, and they never wear bonnets."—N. Y. Weekly.

Did you ever see anything prettier than those Columbus Phaetons at Stahler Bros.?

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN!

Given Away by Fuller Bros. to their Customers, without money and without price.

A life-size Crayon Picture of one of your family or friends, any one you may select. Our entire spring stock of newest goods is now on our floors, and prices are lower than ever. In order to induce *CASH* buyers, we propose to give a life-size Crayon Picture to any one buying $25.00 worth of goods and paying cash for same. See sample picture in our show window. Come and see our stock; you will be pleased with price and quality.

FULLER BROS.

The Reliable Furniture Store.

Undertaking a Specialty.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
NEW HIGH ARM
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
The "No. 9."

Is superior to all others in point of Ease, Rapidity and Precision of Action, Uniformity of Tension and Perfection of Seam, Simplicity and Durability, Elegance of Design, Excellence of Workmanship, Form and Quality of Cabinet Work, and general attractiveness of appearance as a whole. It is the only Perfect Sewing Mechanism for Family Use.

At the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1889, the highest possible premium, THE ONLY GRAND PRIZE for Sewing Machines, was awarded to WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO., and the Cross of the Legion of Honor was conferred upon Nathaniel Wheeler, the President of the Company.

Give me a call for Prices and Terms and be convinced it is just what we say it is: the Only Perfect Family Sewing Machine.

NELLIE M. REEG, Agent,
21 East Eleventh St.

FOR ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN
HATS AND NECKWEAR
GO TO
JONES, THE HATTER,
109 WEST SECOND ST. PORTSMOUTH, OHIO.

ESTABLISHED 1872.
WM. H. WILLIAMS,
Painter and Grainer.
Office: 90 West Second St. Shop: 31 West Front St.

A Big Difference!
Between "every day" and "Dissolution Sale" prices at our place.

READ THIS LIST.

EVERY DAY PRICE.		DISSOLUTION PRICE.
$3.50	Rugs	$2.89
2.50	Rugs	1.78
2.00	Rugs	1.39
2.25	Lace Curtains	1.49
1.25	Lace Curtains	.79
1.33	Silk Caps	1.00
1.00	Silk Caps	.67
.10	Ball's Madonna Crochet Cotton	.08
.12½	Ball's Madonna Crochet Cotton	.10
.20	Whalebone Casing, per yd	.12
.10	Whalebones, per doz	.05
.10	Arasene, per doz	.05
.15	Velvetine Binding	.10
.10	Spool Silk Thread	.08
.35	Hermsdorf Black Hose	.25
.50	Ladies' Fancy Hose	.36
.38	Ball's Knitting Silk	.33
.25	Ball's Knitting	.19
	Wash Silk, 2 skeins for	.05
1.25	Corsets, high bust	.99
1.00	Corsets	.75
.50	Curtain Poles	.39
.05	Pack Hair Pins, 2 for	.05

COVERSTON & CO.,
607 CHILLICOTHE ST.

Store Your Base Burner Stove
WITH
GLOCKNER BROS.,
136 West Second St.

Telephone 169, or drop us a postal card, and we will get it and have it insured.

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTH-WESTERN Ry

SOLID VESTIBULED TRAINS
WITH PULLMAN
Palace Sleeping Cars
TO
NEW YORK CITY,
VIA
WASHINGTON CITY,
Baltimore and Philadelphia.

THE SHORTEST AND BEST LINE
VIA CINCINNATI
TO
Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha.
PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS
THROUGH TO
ST. LOUIS.
Lowest Rates, Quickest Time and Best Accommodations.

Tickets sold and Baggage checked through to destination.
Trains leave PORTSMOUTH as follows: Mails 7 00 am; Accommodation, 3 60 pm.
Trains arrive PORTSMOUTH as follows: Mail, 5:03 pm; Accommodation, 11 20 am.
For reliable information, maps, time of train, and the best possible rates, apply to
GEO. BERTHOLD or J. H. CLOUGH, Local Agents at Portsmouth, Ohio.
O. P. McCARTY, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.
W. W. PEABODY, Vice President and Gen. Mgr. Cincinnati, O.

P&Y Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia.

Cin. Mail	Cin. Ex.	STATIONS	Ports. Mail	Ports. Ex.
LEAVE			ARRIVE	
P M	A M		A M	P M
1 45	6 05	Portsm'th	12 05	8 40
2 29	6 47	Otway	11 21	7 57
2 41	6 59	Harden	11 11	7 45
3 01	7 21	Peebles	10 49	7 22
5 55	10 10	Cincinnati	8 00	4 30
ARRIVE			LEAVE	

Scioto ville trains leave Portsmouth at 5 40 a m, 10 20 am and 5 40 pm. Arrive at Portsmouth 6 20 am, 11 55 am and 6 20 pm.

Close connection is made at Portsmouth with trains for Hamden, Ashland, Ironton, and all points East on the B. & O. S. W., S. V. and Chesapeake and Ohio railways.
SAM'L HUNT, General Manager. *E. F. GRAY, Gen. Pass. Agt.*
FLOYD L. SMITH, District Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Ohio.

N. & W. R. R. Norfolk and Western R.R.

Schedule in effect Nov. 19, 1893.

ALL TRAINS DAILY.

Trains leave Portsmouth as follows:

EAST BOUND.

10:55 am—The Kenova and Chicago Express—Arrives Kenova 12 25 noon. Connects with C. & O. at Kenova for Huntington, Charleston, and all points East. Pullman Sleeper, Chicago to Kenova.

3:47 pm—Local Accommodation—Arrives Kenova 5 20 pm, makes all stops. No connection beyond Kenova.

9:05 pm—Norfolk Express—For Bluefield, Radford, Roanoke, Norfolk and all points on Main Line. Pullman Buffet Sleeper Columbus to Roanoke.

WEST BOUND.

5:15 am—Norfolk Express—Arrives at Columbus 8 30 am. Pullman Buffet car, Roanoke to Columbus. Arrives Chicago 7 55 pm, via Hocking Valley and C. & E. Rys.

10:28 am—Local Accommodation—Arrives Columbus 2 20 pm, makes all stops.

4:50 pm—Kenova and Chicago Express—From Bluefield, Pocahontas and points on Kenova Division. Arrives Columbus 8 10 pm. Pullman Sleeper Kenova to Chicago via Hocking Valley and Erie railroads.

KENOVA DIVISION.

Trains leave Kenova daily, 8 10 am, Eastern time, for Bluefield, Pocahontas, Radford, Roanoke, Lynchburg, Norfolk, and all intermediate stations. Also 11 35 pm, the Norfolk Express for Roanoke, Lynchburg, Richmond and Norfolk; Pullman Buffet Sleeper, Columbus to Roanoke without change.

For all information as to tickets, time cards, etc., apply to nearest ticket agent or address
W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass. Agt., Roanoke, Va. *ALLEN HULL, Div. Pass Agt., Columbus, O.*

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILROAD CO

In Effect Nov. 19, 1893.

WESTBOUND	No. 3 F. F. V. Vestibule Limit'd Daily	No. 1 Cin Ex. Daily	No. 17 Cincin Accom. Daily ex Sun
Lve Huntington	1 25pm	3 25am	
Arr South Portsmouth	2 55pm	4 50am	8 15am
Arr Maysville	4 26pm	6 10am	
Arr Cincinnati	6 25pm	7 55am	

Trains arrive at and depart from Central Union Depot, Cincinnati, making direct connection with transfer to and from Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis and the South and South-West. Trains 17, 19, 18 and 20 arrive at and depart from Fourth Street Depot between Smith and John streets.

EASTBOUND	No. 4 F. F. V. Vestibule Limit'd Daily.	No. 2 Wash'n Richm'd Old P'nt Ex Daily	No. 18 Hunt'n Accom. Daily Ex Sun.
Lve Cincinnati		8 00am	
Arr Maysville		10 05am	
Arr South Portsmouth	9 41pm	11 38am	6 40pm
Arr Huntington		1 15pm	

Eastern Standard Time east of Clifton Forge. Central Standard Time west of Clifton Forge.
Nos. 3 and 4 F. F. V.—Fast Flying Virginian—vestibule limited. Entire train with dining car runs through to New York via Washington, with parlor car Charlottsville to Old Point Comfort.
Nos. 1 and 2, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and coaches between Chicago, Cincinnati and Washington, and Pullman Sleeper between Cincinnati and Old Point Comfort.
Quickest line to all points in the South-East. Apply to any ticket agent for additional information.
G. W. STEVENS, Gen. Manager.
H. W. FULLER, Gen. Pass. Agt. *C. B. RYAN, Assistant G. P. A.*
E. M. FERRELL, Agent.

Cincinnati, Portsmouth, Big Sandy & Pomeroy Packet Co.

Palatial Sidewheel Steamers,
Bostona, Telegraph or Bonanza
Leave Cincinnati daily at 5 pm, from foot of Broadway. Pass Portsmouth daily, on up trip at 7 30 am, and on down trip at 8 pm for Cincinnati.
F. B. KEHOE, Freight Agent on Wharf Boat.
McFARLIN & HUTCHINS, Pass. Agts.,
115 Market St. Portsmouth, O.

HON. A. T. HOLCOMB

Declares For Foraker for the United States Senate,

While Hon. Dan Ryan Does Likewise—A Pointed Interview with the Former Published in the Cincinnati Post.

The Cincinnati Post today has the following, which would seem to indicate that Ex-Governor Foraker is still in the ring and will yet sit in the United States senate, John Sherman to the contrary:

COLUMBUS, O., April 24.—[Special.]—Hon. A. T. Holcomb, of Portsmouth, who represented Scioto county in the seventieth general assembly, and who voted for Sherman for United States senator, thus expressed himself to the Post correspondent, in regard to the talk about making Ex-Governor Foraker Cal Brice's successor:

"I am for Froraker in preference to any other Republican. Like many others I thought it wouldn't do to elect him two years ago, as that could not have been done without turning down John Sherman, whose services could not well be dispensed with by the Republican party. But now that Sherman is provided for, and the question is who his Republican colleague from Ohio shall be, there ought to be no quibbling about the choice of Foraker. McKinley, whose name has been mentioned, should not be a candate and I don't think he will be. Foraker was defeated in 1893 simply because he was pitted against John Sherman, not because the Republicans of Ohio thought any the less of Foraker."

Mr. Holcomb may be in a position to carry out his views on this subject, as he may be the nominee of his party for state senator in the Republican district which is composed of Adams, Pike, Scioto and Jackson counties.

Ex-secretary of State Dan Ryan, who was opposed to Foraker for the senatorship two years ago and who was in fact, one of Sherman's managers in that memorable contest said: "I would like to see Foraker sent to the senate to succeed Brice, for I think his election would be a good thing for the Republican party. My opposition to Foraker in 1893 was not based on personal hostility toward him, but was due solely to the fact that I didn't think it would be wise to retire Senator Sherman from active publiclife."

C. N. V.

NO MORE

Will a Traveling Salesman Sing "Two Little Girls in Blue."

Will Stork, a traveling salesman for the East End Store and Range works, is a great punster, and also has a considerable opinion of himself as a singer—his forte in this direction being the rendition of late popular songs. Yesterday morning Stork sprung several puns on Scott Todd, and wound up by singing "Two Little Girls in Blue."

Mr. Todd bore with those girls as long as he could, but finally felt constrained to say very solemnly, "Stork, if you don't quit that I'll shoot you." Mr. Stork did not stop. On the contray, he raised his voice a little and sang with renewed vigor.

Suddenly he was startled by the sharp crack of a revolver, and at the same time felt a great big pain in his right foot. Convinced that he was shot Stork fell on the floor and rolled over and over, moaning with pain.

Finally he was picked up, and set up the cigars when he learned that Todd had shot at the ceiling and accidentally dislodged a piece of iron which tumbled on his foot. Those little girls rest sweetly now.

SUCCESS

Attends the Efforts of the East End Literary Club in New Boston.

The East End Literary club, which presented "The Sailor's Return," and the temperance drama, "Out in the Streets," at New Boston town hall last evening, achieved a flattering success. The hall was well filled and the audience was greatly pleased with the manner in which the plays were rendered. "The Sailor's Return" was presented first, after which "Out in the Streets" closed the show. Those taking part each and all acquitted themselves in an exceedingly creditable manner, and were heartily applauded by the spectators. Not the least interesting part of the program was the harp playing by Al. Evans, who also sang "Kiss and Let's Make Up."

The men, or rather boys, in charge of the car, which was to wait until the show was out, caused considerable annoyance by hustling a part of the spectators out to their car before the performance was over, and in other ways acted in a very discourteous and discreditable manner.

Robinson's Bill Posters in Town Again.

The second installment of Robinson's circus bill posters arrived in this city this morning over the C. P. & V., and are busy to-day decorating the boards with fancy pictures, describing the beauties of that famous show. The most remarkable thing about this crowd is the absence of the big-voiced advertising genius, who is with the first advance car.

Rev. Dixon Explains.

Rev. J. K. Dixon, late pastor of the Findlay street M. P. church, is much concerned of late over the publication of various reports in the newspapers in reference to the trouble in the church with the Salvation Army officers, the most of which he denounces as malicious falsehoods. Rev. Dixon has always been a good, law abiding citizen, and does not enjoy having his name bandied about in connection with Salvation Army disturbances.

The Columbus Stock Sale.

T. M. Lynn, Sr., left this morning for Columbus, via the N. & W., to attend the big stock sale in progress in that city. Mr. Lynn has two fast horses for sale, Maggie C. and Truss, these being sent to Columbus several days ago. They will probably be put up tomorrow.

Water Works Doings.

The work of tearing out three old Holly pumps and machinery at the water works is progressing rapidly this week. The new machinery, which is being made at Hamilton, O., is almost completed and will be ready for shipment in a few days.

PERSONAL.

J. T. Sullivan, of Buena Vista, was in town today.

Peter Brushart is in Stone City, Ky., today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Coriell went to Cincinnati this afternoon on C. & O. No. 2.

Miss Aline Carner, of Russell, Ky., is visiting Mrs. J. N. Hudson, of Wheelersburg.

Will Connell left to-day on the C. & O. No. 2 for Charleston, W. Va., where he will visit relatives.

Orin J. Shaffer, engineer, of the N. & W. yards, at Columbus, is spending a few days at his home in this city.

Clay and Lou Sanford arrived home from Gambier today to attend the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. Will Varner.

Miss Mary Carlin, of Cincinnati, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Sutton, of Chillicothe street, for a few days.

Mrs. L. Cramer, of Mill street left this afterdoon on C. & O. No. 3 for Salem, Mo., to visit friends and relatives.

Clay and Lou Sanford arrived home from Gambier last night, called home by the death of their aunt, Mrs. Will Varner.

William Stevens, now a resident of Portsmouth, but formerly of this city, is here to spend a week with friends.—Chillicothe Gazette.

Miss Anna Rogers, assistant postmistress of Wheelersburg, and brother, spent Sunday at Cincinnati with their sister, Mrs. H. Gang.

Otto Layher left this morning for Cincinnati, where he has secured a position as book-keeper in a well known Cincinnati establishment.

Mrs. Susie Cummings, who has been making her home with her daughter, Mrs. James Adams, on Gallia street, left yesterday for Louisa, Ky., to visit relatives.

Frank J. Knauss, of the East End Store and Range works, will go to Chicago the latter part of the week to attend a meeting of the National Store Manufacturers' Association.

ON THE RIVER.

The river is 19 feet and rising.

The Bonanza went up at 9 o'clock this morning and the Scotia at 10 o'clock. The Keystone State went down at 4 o'clock this afternoon and the City of Madison is due at 7 o'clock.

A general reduction in passenger rates has taken place on the lines operated by Bay Bros. Under the new schedule the rate from this city to Ironton is 50 cents, as against 75 cents, the present rate, while from here to Gallipolis, the fare will be $1.25, a reduction of 75 cents.

The White Collar line last Monday announced a reduction in freight rates, and says that a new scale of rates is being prepared for publication. This would seem to indicate that the agreement between the steamboats and the C. & O. railway has gone glimmering. It was learned at the local freight office to-day that the C. & O. would maintain present rates. Present indications are favorable to a steamboat war.

WILL GO TO LUCASVILLE.

The Czerwinski Trio and Friends Will Drive Out Tomorrow Evening.

The Czerwinski Trio, assisted by Miss Newman, will give an entertainment at Lucasville tomorrow evening. The organization has a deserved reputation for furnishing music of a very superior character, and with the assistance of Miss Newman as elocutionist the entertainment will undoubtedly be one of rare merit. Quite a number of young people of this city will accompany the trio, for the most part going out in carriages. As the distance is only 10 miles, the roads in good shape, and the evenings nowadays exceptionally fine, the trip will be a delightful one. The party will leave this city about 5 o'clock and expect to return about 12 or 1 o'clock.

His Identity Established.

The identity of the old man who was killed at Coney Island, on the C. & O., some time ago, seems to have been discovered at last. This morning a young man named Knauss, who resides in this city, called at the C. & O. office, and, from the description furnished, thought that the old man was his father. The latter resided at Bloom Switch, on the B. & O. S. W., and had lost an eye, and was last seen a day or two before the unknown was killed. He had said he was going to Cincinnati to have his eyes treated. Mr. Knauss and other relatives of the missing man will go down to Coney Island on the morning C. & O. train and examine the remains of the man killed.

For Social Purposes.

The young people of All Saints' Episcopal church met at the home of Rev. Dr. Dallas Tucker last evening and discussed plans for a series of [illegible]. They will hold [illegible] at intervals at the [illegible] for [illegible] social purposes, as [illegible] from financial affairs. Written [illegible] will be sent to friends of the congregation and no admission will be charged. The various committees were appointed and the first of the series will be given next month.

"Joe" Sutton Honored.

J. J. Sutton of the Brushart Brewery company, has been notified that he has been appointed an aide-de-camp to Chief Marshal Beck, of the great parade of Odd Fellows which will take place in Cincinnati May 15, 1894, on the occasion of the dedication of the new Odd Fellows' temple. It is quite a compliment to Mr. Sutton, but withal a deserved one. Joe is always among the leaders, whether in business or pleasure.

Women Can Vote.

From this time on women will have the privilege to vote at school elections, at least. There will be a separate ballot box for women, but registration and all other election laws apply to women as well as men. They have gained one step and in time will be granted equal rights with men at the polls.

The best screened, Hanging Rock lump coal, always on hand, at [illegible] cents a bushel.

JOHN FLANNIGAN,
705 Market street.

COURT DOINGS.

Bert McCoy, Alias McCollister, Gets Five Years For Burglary.

The Jury in the Case of Ohio Vs. Dr Jacob H. Windle Disagrees—The Civil Grind Resumed—A Few of the Minor Matters.

Bert McCoy, alias McCollister, indicted by the last grand jury for burglary, was tried, convicted and sentenced in short order yesterday afternoon. His case was called at 2 o'clock, the trial held and the verdict of the jury finding him guilty reported by 6 o'clock. He was sentenced to five years in the Ohio penitentiary. His crime was that of stealing a suit of clothes, valued at $30, and belonging to Lewis Maynard. He will be taken to the penitentiary in a few days. Sheriff Gustin will take Frank Courtney and Ed Sargent to Columbus tomorrow morning, each to serve two years for burglary.

The jury in the case of Ohio vs. Dr. Jacob H. Windle, the Harden druggist, indicted for keeping a place where liquor was sold unlawfully, failed to agree. They took the case at 2 o'clock, but at six reported that they could not agree and were discharged.

CIVIL BUSINESS.

The case of Chas. Micklethwait vs. Fred Schmitt et al., appeal, is on trial this afternoon. The plaintiff originally sued in Squire Volney R. Row's court to replevin a horse attached by defendant as the property of Martin Micklethwait, and secured judgment, the defendant appealing the case.

DOCKET ENTRIES.

Amos B. Bole vs. the C., P. & V. Ry. et al., injunction. Action of plaintiff dismissed without prejudice at his cost. Defendent elects to proceed upon his cross petition. Hearing on motion for abatement allowed.

The C., P. & V. Ry. vs John M. Salladay, hearing on demurrer to petition for sale. Demurrer sustained. Leave to amend petition.

Laura A. Young vs. Fred Schmitt et al., injunction. Finding for plaintiff and ordered that the case be docketed as upon appeal.

Laura A. Young vs. C. S. Cadot, same.

MORTGAGES CANCELLED.

Charles Hudson to W. D. Smalley, $100.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Charles Gill and Malinda Carl.
George Kinney and Rachel Newman.

THE NEW TOWN.

In the auditor's office 751 lots in Harden township were transferred to M. O. Maddy, as trustee of the Scioto County Real Estate Co. The lots compose the new town, Holcomb City.

THE STRIKE.

The Jackson Herald Doesn't Think it Will Last Very Long.

The Jackson Herald has the following to say concerning the coal miners' strike:

"We do not believe the strike will continue any great length of time. Such a condition would be suicidal. The miners, in this section at least, are short, and it is safe to assume that the same thing is true everywhere. Each day it is becoming harder for people to live, and the men who furnish food and clothing want to see the color of money before they part with their wares.

"It is understood that large numbers of the West Virginia miners have refused to join the strike. If this be so, then the greater the folly in Ohio and Indiana men holding out.

"One good thing about the whole matter is the feeling between the operators and men in this state, and especially in this county. The operators here say they are willing to pay the advance would rather pay it, if the Pennsylvania and Virginia fields pay it. The men believe that the operators are sincere in what they say. There is no strife between either class in this county on that score, and this makes the matter a little less ugly in appearance here."

HUDSON GOES MARCHING ON.

A Newsy Item Clipped from the Cincinnati Post.

"Upper Sandusky, O., April 24—Some time ago a man named Hudson came here and opened a business college. He was quite successful in securing pupils, and managed to get a large school. The college fell far short of what was promised, and the pupils made complaint. No improvement was made, however, but when the students came to the college yesterday they found the furniture and everything gone."

Some time ago we commented on this same Hudson. In that article we made the mistake of reflecting on W. R. Graham, who now has entire charge of the business college here, formerly owned by Hudson. Our present business colleges ought to get together and have one good one.

The N. & W. Still "in it."

The [illegible] miners strike has not effected the freight on the N. & W. as [illegible] and officials of that road in this [illegible] apprehend any serious falling off, nor is it expected that the miners along the N. & W. will go out. The N. & W. is still hauling its 100 cars of coal a day and about as much [illegible].

Epworth League Social.

The Epworth League of Sixth Street church will hold a social in the lecture room of the church on Tuesday evening, May [illegible], 1894, at 7:30. A fine musical and literary program will be rendered, after which refreshments will be served to those desiring them. Admission 10 cents; refreshments, 15 cents.

You are looking for a light Surrey, something neat and nobby. Stahler Bros. have it.

Renovation.

The store room of J. Eisman & Co., at 155 West Front street, has undergone a complete renovation. The walls have been repapered, the ceilings, windows, doors, show-cases, counters and other fixtures repainted, and the room completely transformed. It gives a neat, new appearance, and the room is one of the brightest and nicest looking in the city.

Fly like a bird—Stearns Bicycles.

FRAGMENTS.

The C. & O. pay car went over the line Monday night.

F. C. Daehler has purchased a lot on Thirteenth street between Gay and Findlay streets.

Adolph Bloomeyer, of the N. & W. freight office, is on duty again after a couple days' illness.

Contractor P. H. Kelly has a small force of men at work on Chillicothe street repairing a sewer.

P. G. Hoctor and Arthur Delotel, a couple of well known citizen of Springville, Ky., are spending a few days with Portsmouth friends.

PORTSMOUTH BEER.

Our motto: Support home industry and drink PORTSMOUTH BEER.

Stand by your own city, and drink PORTSMOUTH BEER.

All working men prefer to drink PORTSMOUTH BEER.

Let us keep our money at home and drink PORTSMOUTH BEER.

Home enterprise should be appreciated. Hence, drink PORTSMOUTH BEER.

All good citizens support home pluck and drink PORTSMOUTH BEER.

Change Your Tickets.

All parties who have purchased tickets for the "Chimes of Normandy" without being countersigned will please return them to party from whom purchased and get countersigned ones in their stead, as none but countersigned tickets will be received at door or reserved seat sale. (25-31)

Bigelow Church Social Postponed.

Owing to the death of Mrs. William Varner the general social which was to have been given by the ladies of Bigelow M. E. church, on Thursday evening next, will be postponed to Thursday evening, May 3d. Those who have promised dodations will please hold them in readiness for that occasion.

All Quiet in the Water Works Board.

Clerk J. W. Ricker, of the Water Works board, reports that very little is being done in his department these days. Quite a number of people, however, are taking advantage of the discount offer to those who pay water rent now, showing that there are lots of believers in the principle that "a penny saved is a penny earned."

Episcopal Convention in Columbus.

The Diocesan convention of the Episcopal church will meet in Columbus May 9th. The Ladies' Auxilliary will also meet at the same time and place. The pastor and two lay delegates usually represent the church, while the ladies have one delegate.

An Important Meeting.

Inspection of Co. H. 14th Regt. O. N. G. will be held at the armory Friday evening next. Col. Coit of Columbus and Ass't. Surgeon Seamans of Delaware will be present. There will also be an election of captain to succeed Captain Chas. Hard, resigned.

The Ex-Coppers.

Most of the retiring policemen will rest for a short time, their plans for the future not being fully matured. Robert Cropper has purchased a team and will soon be a full-fledged teamster.

The Iron Queen Beats the City of Madison.

The Iron Queen, City of Madison, Chevalier and Ruth all landed together at the wharf this morning. The Iron Queen and the City of Madison had a race from Portsmouth. The Iron Queen landed a few minutes ahead of the Madison.—Ironton Republican.

Lou Ellis' Big Job.

Fireman Lou Ellis is moving to-day to the East End, so as to be near the Gallia street engine house, where he is now stationed. Lou has a big contract now-a-days in trying to make firemen out of the people who hold forth at the East End station.

A Strange Animal in Ironton.

Ironton people are much excited over the appearance of a wild animal of some kind, which seems to have a mania for carrying off dogs bodily. So far the voracious beast has disposed of nine canines. A vigilance committee is talked of in our sister city.

Will Photograph Kentuckians.

Coren Boynton, formerly a well known Portsmouth boy, will open up a photograph gallery in Greenup, Ky., this week, and will give our Kentucky neighbors a chance to "bust" the camera.

Death of a Small Child of Daniel Jordan.

A small child of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Jordan, (colored) residing at 138 East Twelfth street, died last evening and the remains will be buried to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The child was about three years old.

How about those old harness? Buy new set of Stahler Bros.

FREE ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements under the head of "Wanted," "For Sale," "For Rent," etc., not to exceed three lines, will be published three times free.

WANTED—Work horse to hire for ten days or longer, with privilege of purchase. a24-3t W. S. McC[illegible].

FOR SALE—A '9[illegible] model B Warwick bicycle, in good condition, will sell cheap. For further particulars please call on or address Chas. D. Slagle, city. a24-3t

FOR RENT—House of eight rooms, centrally located, 62 West Fourth. Inquire at 58 West Fourth.

IT HAS THE CALL!

Nothing in the Gentlemen's Clothing line ever caught on the popular favor so quickly as

OUR GREAT $7.48 SUIT.

It is the best suit for the money ever offered or sold in the town, and it has heretofore been sold for $10 and $12. Come at once and select a suit before the stock is badly broken.

BOYS FROM 14 TO 19

Can find no such bargain as our All Wool Cheviot Suits

FOR $6.00.

We warrant them all wool and to hold their color. They are perfect in fit and workmanship.

HEER BROS.,

Cash Clothiers and Furnishers, - - 409-411 Chillicothe Street.

Received Daily.

Fresh Lettuce,
Fresh Onions,
Fresh Pie Plant,
Fresh Asparagus,
Fresh Cabbage,
Fresh Tomatoes,
Fresh Crackers,
Fresh Pineapples,
Fresh Oranges,
Fresh Bananas,
Fresh Lemons,
Etc., Etc.

We also keep a full line of Fancy Groceries, all the Canned Goods and Dried Fruits, and the best of all—Aunt Jemima's Pancake flour, at

J. J. Brushart's.

105

Different Shades of Paints.

THAT'S A GOOD MANY

BUT WE'VE GOT 'EM!

Economy Ready Mixed Paint

In all-sized packages.

Special Paint for Floors.

OILS AND VARNISHES.

All Cheap at

FISHER & STREICH'S.

SPRING SUITS

Made as clean as new, or colored in any shade desired, and pressed. DRY CLEANING A SPECIALTY. Colors warranted and satisfaction guaranteed at

THE BUCKEYE,
50 E. Sixth St., near Postoffice.
J. L. PEIPER.

WIN NYE,

The Leader in

FRESH,
PURE,
CLEAN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

The Largest and Finest Line of Sponges in the City.

Splendid Chamois—Small, Medium and Large.

Elegant Toilet Goods of All Kinds.

Combs, Brushes, Soaps, Etc., Etc.

Fine Goods and Cheap—Pocketbooks, Portemonnaies, Purses and Card Cases.

PERFUMES

ELEGANT, SWEET AND LASTING.

Cor. Fourth and Chillicothe.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

New Goods Received Every Day!

Look At our stock of New Tapestry Body and Velvet Carpets. At our stock of Ingrain Carpets at 25, 30, 35 and 40c. At our assortment of Rag Carpets at 25, 30, 35 and 40c. At our assortment of Chinese and Japanese Mattings, from $5 up to $15 per 40-yard piece.

We show an immense selection of Nottingham, Irish Point and Brush Net Lace Curtains.

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Examine our 36-in. all-wool Serge at 40c; 34-in. Serge at 15c. 36-in. Sebastipol and Whip Cord at 25c a yard.

Examine our large stock of Table Linens, Towelings, Napkin and Stamped Linen Goods.

A. BRUNNER,

N. E. Corner Second and Market Sts. PORTSMOUTH, O.

REMEMBER

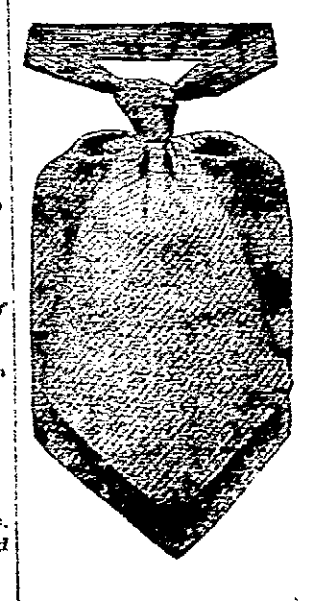
THAT WE ARE

THE TAILORS.

GIVE US A CALL.

J. EISMAN & CO.

155 WEST FRONT STREET.



Fifty Cents.

FOR ONE WEEK

We will sell the Famous Sebastopol Scarf

FOR 50c EACH.

This is the finest and most stylish Scarf ever offered in Portsmouth for the money.

LEGLER, THE HATTER,

511 CHILLICOTHE STREET.